

Appendix D2

Geotechnical investigations:

RMS Factual Geotechnical Investigation Report

Foxground and Berry Bypass Project

Proposed South Berry Option, Princes Hwy (HW1), Berry NSW

Factual Geotechnical Investigation Report

Job Ref: 11-02
WBS: D/00386/C/P1
Prepared by: Geotechnical Services, Southern Region
Date: 21 May 2012



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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Project Background

The NSW Roads and Maritime Services (RMS) are proposing to upgrade the Princes Highway between Toolijooa Road and Schofields Lane – also called the Foxground and Berry Bypass (FBB). This project is part of RMS's program to upgrade the Princes Highway, providing increased road safety and traffic efficiency in the South Coast region.

The original concept alignment for the FBB project bypasses Berry to the north. However, recently an alternate proposal has been put forward to bypass Berry to the south. These two alignments are referred to in this report as the 'North Berry Option' and the 'South Berry Option'. Geotechnical data along the North Berry Option has been obtained in previous investigations in 2007 and 2009.

Between February and April 2012 a geotechnical investigation was carried out in order to characterise the likely geotechnical conditions that would be encountered along the South Berry Option. This report presents the results of the investigation, and also draws on relevant data from previous investigations.

1.2 Previous Reports

Several geotechnical reports have previously been carried out on a wider study area between Gerringong and Bomaderry. Three of these reports contain test data (borehole, cone penetration test, test pit and laboratory testing) in the vicinity of Berry. These reports are:

- Coffey Geotechnics, (May 2010), "*Geotechnical Interpretive Report for Concept Design*". Preferred Route of the Princes Highway, Gerringong to Bomaderry. Report Ref: GEOTWOLL02580AE-BL.
- Coffey Geotechnics, (February 2010), "*Geotechnical Factual Report for Concept Design*". Gerringong to Bomaderry. Report Ref: GEOTWOLL02580AE-BD.
- Maunsell-Aecom and Coffey Geotechnics, (October 2007), "*Preliminary Geotechnical Report - Gerringong to Bomaderry Princes Highway Upgrade*"

1.3 Scope of Work

The investigation was carried out at the request of RMS Development Section. The scope of work was to carry out a geotechnical investigation of the proposed South Berry Option and provide a factual report summarising the data obtained.

This Factual Geotechnical Report and does not contain any interpretation, analysis or design. The data presented within this report is intended to assist in the compilation of a Geotechnical Interpretive Report.

2. GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION

2.1 General

Fieldwork for the South Berry Option was conducted between February 2012 and April 2012 by RMS, Southern Geotechnical Services. Significant delays (up to 3 weeks downtime) were experienced over the course of the investigation due to heavy rain and flooding of the study area. During these times of flooding it was observed that up to about 50% of the proposed South Berry Option became submerged.

Details of the investigation are given in the below sections.

2.2 Boreholes

Twenty four boreholes were drilled at the locations presented within Figure 1. Boreholes were labelled B1 through to B23. Boreholes B16 and B18 were not drilled due to property access constraints. A number of boreholes were labelled with an "A" after the borehole number indicating their location on the furthest south alignment option. Boreholes N1 and N2 were drilled on the proposed North Berry alignment.

The boreholes were drilled using either a track mounted DB515 drilling rig, truck mounted Edson 3000 or a track mounted Comacchio 205. Boreholes were generally commenced using continuous flight augers above the water table and completed using a combination of wash boring and coring techniques. Standard Penetration tests (SPT) were conducted at intervals of approximately 1.50m in soil materials. Point load ($I_s(50)$) strength index tests were performed on specimens of the core at the time of logging.

Borehole locations are presented below within Table 1. Detailed borehole logs, core photographs and explanatory notes are presented within Appendix A.

Table 1 – Borehole Coordinates and Reduced Levels, as Surveyed

BH No.	Easting (MGA94)	Northing (MGA94)	R.L (m, AHD)
B1	290290.64	6149969.46	40.41
B2	290136.89	6149541.75	4.15
B3	290092.97	6149191.99	3.25
B4	289982.28	6148914.05	4.28
B5	289751.26	6148686.71	2.57
B6	289544.08	6148517.27	3.69
B7	289302.04	6148435.94	4.71
B8	289070.01	6148357.54	3.80
B9	288642.25	6148215.95	2.03
B10	288397.64	6148144.71	1.59
B11	287880.65	6147969.08	3.12
B12	287739.57	6147927.32	4.66
B13	287302.20	6147783.77	6.91
B14	287108.99	6147635.18	12.93
B15	288091.92	6148241.94	1.85
B17	287355.24	6148169.58	10.38
B19A	288017.22	6147735.22	2.38
B20A	287669.28	6147639.67	4.87

BH No.	Easting (MGA94)	Northing (MGA94)	R.L (m, AHD)
B21A	287415.06	6147491.42	10.24
B22	286783.31	6147011.35	19.41
B22A	286876.18	6147237.25	20.44
B23	289746.60	6148316.17	2.66
N1	289872.72	6149947.88	8.58
N2	289683.22	6149925.12	9.41

2.3 Cone Penetration Tests and Pore Pressure Dissipation Tests

Fourteen Cone Penetration Tests (CPT) were carried out at the locations shown in Figure 1. The CPT's were labelled CPT401 through to CPT413, with the addition of CPT413a which was pushed directly adjacent to CPT413. In situ testing included four Pore Pressure Dissipation Tests (PPDT).

The CPT's were pushed using one of two CPT rigs, as follows:

- Truck mounted CPT rig, 15 tonne mass. (CPT401, 402, 403, 403a, 404, 407, 411, 412, 413)
- Tracked Geoprobe rig, 4.5 tonne mass, with soil anchors giving an effective push capacity of 20 tonnes. (CPT405, 406, 408, 409, 410)

PPDT's were carried out at the following locations:

- CPT403a – 2.51m
- CPT407 – 2.84m
- CPT409 – 3.01m
- CPT410 – 2.51m

CPT locations are presented below within Table 2. Detailed Cone Penetration Test Results are presented within Appendix B, and Pore Pressure Dissipation Test Results are presented within Appendix C.

Table 2 – CPT Coordinates and Reduced Levels, as Surveyed

CPT No.	Easting (MGA94)	Northing (MGA94)	R.L (m, AHD)
CPT401	290139.10	6149574.06	3.65
CPT402	289983.82	6148916.86	4.11
CPT403	289101.72	6148340.27	3.99
CPT403A	289101.75	6148339.28	3.96
CPT404	288643.02	6148215.59	1.92
CPT405	288398.59	6148145.88	1.50
CPT406	288117.27	6148051.05	2.30
CPT407	287880.97	6147969.48	3.07
CPT408	288735.58	6148076.05	1.25
CPT409	288355.75	6147839.77	1.66
CPT410	288234.16	6147783.68	1.71
CPT411	288017.27	6147735.54	2.30
CPT412	289348.59	6148366.58	4.66
CPT413	289746.14	6148316.32	2.69

2.4 Standpipes and Water Level Monitoring

Water level monitoring standpipes were installed in boreholes B1, B4, B8, B14, B17 and B22.

Standpipe construction details were as follows:

- The bottom 3m of each standpipe was slotted and covered with filter sock
- The annulus was backfilled with cuttings and/ or sand to a depth of 0.5m below the ground surface.
- A bentonite plug was formed from 0.5m to 0.3m below ground level.
- A concrete capping was formed between 0.3m and the ground surface, with a road cover (gattic cover) set into the concrete.
- Each standpipe was flushed with fresh water and bailed after the completion of drilling. The standpipes were constructed using 50mm internal diameter PVC pipes.

Monitoring was conducted by manual reading using a dip meter. Water levels have only been measured once since installation and these levels are presented below within Table 3.

Table 3 – Recorded Water Levels

Standpipe	Ground RL (mAHD ^{note2})	Monitoring Date	SWL ^{note1} (mAHD ^{note2})	SWL ^{note1} (mBGL ^{note3})
B1	40.41	19/4/12	34.51	5.9
B4	4.28	19/4/12	1.88	2.4
B8	3.80	19/4/12	3.69	0.11
B14	12.93	17/4/12	11.48	1.45
B17	10.38	19/4/12	10.36	0.02
B22	2.04	19/4/12	-2.54	4.58

Notes to Table

- Note 1 - SWL- Standing Water Level
Note 2 - mAHD- Metres above Australian Height Datum
Note 3 - mBGL- Metres below Ground Level

2.5 Laboratory Testing

Soil and rock testing was conducted on disturbed and undisturbed samples collected during the field investigation. Geotechnical testing was carried out at RMS Russell Vale Laboratory and Coffey Geotechnics Lane Cove Laboratory. Environmental testing was carried out at Environmental Analysis Laboratory, Lismore. A summary of testing carried out is given in Table 4.

Table 4 – Summary of Laboratory Testing

Test Type	Standard	No. of Tests Carried Out
Geotechnical Laboratory Testing		
Consolidated Undrained Triaxial	AS1289.6.4.2	4 ^{note 1}
One Dimensional Consolidation	AS1289.6.6.1	4
Moisture Content	AS1289.2.1.1	4
Atterberg Limits	AS1289.3.1.2 AS1289.3.2.1 AS1289.3.3.1	36
Linear Shrinkage	AS1289.3.4.1	4
Particle Size Distribution (Coarse)	AS1289.3.6.1	15
Particle Size Distribution (Fine)	AS1289.3.6.3	4
Shear Vane on U75 sample	AS1289.6.2.1	2
Environmental Laboratory Testing		
Acid Sulphate Soil (Chromium Suite)	N/A	48
Aggressivity	N/A	6
Acid Sulphate Rock	N/A	3 ^{note 2}

Notes to Table 4

Note 1: 3 of the 4 tests are outstanding.

Note 2: All Acid Rock testing is outstanding.

It is anticipated that all outstanding testing will be finalised within 1 week of the date of issue of this report.

The full geotechnical laboratory test reports are included in Appendix D, and the full environmental laboratory test reports are included in Appendix E.

2.6 Survey of Test Locations

All test locations were pegged by RMS Geotechnical Services and subsequently cleared for buried services where required. Borehole and CPT locations were surveyed by RMS Survey staff using Global Navigation Satellite Systems (GNSS). It should be noted that there are slight differences in the coordinates expressed on some CPT data sheets compared to those recorded by RMS surveyors. This is due to the accuracy differences in survey equipment used or the exact location of the survey staff surrounding the CPT hole. Surveyed coordinates take precedence in all cases.

Borehole and CPT coordinates are given in Table 1 and 2.

2.7 Data from Previous Investigations

As mentioned in Section 1.2 above, previous testing has been carried out in the vicinity of the South Berry Option. The relevant factual data from previous investigations is summarised as follows:

February 2010 Factual Report:

- Mapping of an exposed cutting to the north of Berry (Site 27)
- Two boreholes (BH24, and BH25)
- One CPT (CPTu14)
- Associated laboratory testing from the above boreholes.

October 2007 Factual Report:

- Three boreholes (CBH7, CBH8 and CBH10)
- Three CPT's (CPT5, CPT6 and CPT8)
- Two test pits (CTP8 and CTP10)
- Associated laboratory testing from the above boreholes and test pits.

This data is considered to be relevant to any further analyses carried out using this report.

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APPENDIX A
BOREHOLE LOGS AND CORE PHOTOS

EXPLANATORY NOTES - DRILL & EXCAVATION LOGS

GENERAL

Information obtained from site investigations is recorded on log sheets. The "Cored Drill Hole Log" presents data from an operation where a core barrel has been used to recover material - commonly rock. The "Non-Core Drill Hole - Geological Log" presents data from an operation where coring has not been used and information is based on a combination of regular sampling and insitu testing. The material penetrated in non-core drilling is commonly soil but may include rock. The "Excavation - Geological Log" presents data and drawings from exposures of soil and rock resulting from excavation of pits, trenches, etc.

The heading of the log sheets contains information on Project Identification, Hole or Pit Identification, Location and Elevation. The main section of the logs contains information on methods and conditions, material substance description and structure presented as a series of columns in relation to depth below the ground surface which is plotted on the left side of the log sheet. The common depth scale is 8m per drill log sheet and about 3-5m for excavation logs sheets.

As far as is practicable the data contained on the log sheets is factual. Some interpretation is inevitable in the identification of material boundaries in areas of partial sampling, the location of areas of core loss, description and classification of material, estimation of strength and identification of drilling induced fractures. Material description and classifications are based on SAA Site Investigation Code AS 1726 - 1993 with some modifications as defined below.

These notes contain an explanation of the terms and abbreviations commonly used on the log sheets.

DRILLING

Drilling & Casing

AS	Auger Screwing
AD/V	Auger Drilling with V-Bit
AD/T	Auger Drilling with TC Bit
WB	Wash-bore drilling
RR	Rock Roller
NMLC	NMLC core barrel
NQ	NQ core barrel
HMLC	HMLC core barrel
HQ	HQ core barrel

Drilling Fluid/Water

The drilling fluid used is identified and loss of return to the surface estimated as a percentage.

Drilling Penetration/Drill Depth

Core lifts are identified by a line and depth with core loss per run as a percentage. Ease of penetration in non-core drilling is abbreviated as follows:

VE	Very Easy
E	Easy
F	Firm
H	Hard
VH	Very Hard

Groundwater Levels

Date of measurement is shown.



Standing water level measured in completed borehole



Level taken during or immediately after drilling

Samples/Tests

D	Disturbed
U	Undisturbed
C	Core Sample
SPT	Standard Penetration Test
N	Result of SPT (*sample taken)
VS	Vane Shear Test
IMP	Borehole Impression Device
PBT	Plate Bearing Test
PZ	Piezometer Installation
HP	Hand Penetrometer Test

EXCAVATION LOGS

Explanatory notes are provided at the bottom of drill log sheets. Information about the origin, geology and pedology may be entered in the "Structure and other Observations" column. The depth of the base of excavation (for the logged section) at the appropriate depth in the "Material Description" column. Refusal of excavation plant is noted should it occur. A sketch of the exposure may be added.

MATERIAL DESCRIPTION - SOIL

Classification Symbol - In accordance with the Unified Classification System (AS 1726-1993, Appendix A, Table A1)

Material Description - In accordance with AS 1726-1993, Appendix A2.3

Moisture Condition

D	Dry, looks and feels dry
M	Moist, No free water on remoulding
W	Wet, free water on remoulding

Consistency - In accordance with AS 1726-1993, Appendix A2.5

VS	Very Soft	< 25kPa
S	Soft	25 - 50kPa
F	Firm	50 - 100kPa
St	Stiff	100 - 200kPa
VSt	Very Stiff	200 - 400kPa
H	Hard	≥ 400kPa

Strength figures quoted are the approximate range of Unconfined Compressive Strength for each class.

Density Index. (%) is estimated or is based on SPT results. Approximate N Value correlation is shown in right column.

VL	Very Loose	< 15%	0 - 4
L	Loose	15 - 35%	4 - 10
MD	Medium Dense	35 - 65%	10 - 30
D	Dense	65 - 85%	30 - 50
VD	Very Dense	> 85%	> 50

MATERIAL DESCRIPTION -ROCK

Material Description

Identification of rock type, composition and texture based on visual features in accordance with AS 1726-1993, Appendix A3.1-A3.3 and Tables A6a, A6b and A7.

Core Loss

Is shown at the bottom of the run unless otherwise indicated.

Bedding

Description	Spacing (mm)
Thinly Laminated	< 6
Laminated	6 - 20
Very Thinly Bedded	20 - 60
Thinly Bedded	60 - 200
Medium Bedded	200 - 600
Thickly Bedded	600 - 2000
Very Thickly Bedded	> 2000

Weathering - No distinction is made between weathering and alteration. Weathering classification assists in identification but does not imply engineering properties.

Fresh (F)	Rock substance unaffected by weathering
Slightly Weathered (SW)	Rock substance partly stained or discoloured. Colour and texture of fresh rock recognisable.
Moderately Weathered (MW)	Staining or discolouration extends throughout rock substance. Fresh rock colour not recognisable.
Highly Weathered (HW)	Stained or discoloured throughout. Signs of chemical or physical alteration. Rock texture retained.
Extremely Weathered (EW)	Rock texture evident but material has soil properties and can be remoulded.

Strength - The following terms are used to described rock strength:

Rock Strength Class	Abbreviation	Point Load Strength Index, Is(50) (MPa)
Extremely Low	EL	< 0.03
Very Low	VL	0.03 to 0.1
Low	L	0.1 to 0.3
Medium	M	0.3 to 1
High	H	1 to 3
Very High	VH	3 to 10
Extremely High	EH	≥ 10

Strengths are estimated and where possible supported by Point Load Index Testing of representative samples. Test results are plotted on the graphical estimated strength by using:

- Diametral Point Load Test
- Axial Point Load Test

Where the estimated strength log covers more than one range it indicates the rock strength varies between the limits shown.

MATERIALS STRUCTURE/FRACTURES

ROCK

Natural Fracture Spacing - A plot of average fracture spacing excluding defects known or suspected to be due to drilling, core boxing or testing. Closed or cemented joints, drilling breaks and handling breaks are not included in the Natural Fracture Spacing.

Visual Log - A diagrammatic plot of defects showing type, spacing and orientation in relation to core axis.

Defects		
	—————	Defects open in-situ or clay sealed
	-----	Defects closed in-situ
	Breaks through rock substance

Additional Data - Description of individual defects by type, orientation, in-filling, shape and roughness in accordance with AS 1726-1993, Appendix A Table A10, notes and Figure A2.

Type		
	BP	Bedding Parting
	JT	Joint
	SM	Seam
	FZ	Fracture Zone
	SZ	Shear Zone
	VN	Vein
	FL	Foliation
	CL	Cleavage
	DL	Drill Lift
	HB	Handling break
	DB	Drilling break

Orientation - angle relative to the plane normal to the core axis.

Infilling	CN	Clean
	X	Carbonaceous
	Clay	Clay
	KT	Chlorite
	CA	Calcite
	Fe	Iron Oxide
	Qz	Quartz
	MS	Secondary Mineral
	MU	Unidentified Mineral
Shape	PR	Planar
	CU	Curved
	UN	Undulose
	ST	Stepped
	IR	Irregular
	DIS	Discontinuous
Roughness	POL	Polished
	SL	Slickensided
	S	Smooth
	RF	Rough
	VR	Very Rough

SOIL

Structures - Fissuring and other defects are described in accordance with AS 1726-1993, Appendix A2.6, using the terminology for rock defects.

Origin - Where practicable an assessment is provided of the probable origin of the soil, eg fill, topsoil, alluvium, colluvium, residual soil.

NON-CORE DRILL HOLE - GEOLOGICAL LOG

HOLE NO : B1

FILE / JOB NO : G4372

SHEET : 1 OF 4

PROJECT : BERRY BYPASS
LOCATION :

POSITION : E: 290290.640, N: 6149969.460 (56 MGA94)

SURFACE ELEVATION : 40.410 (AHD)

ANGLE FROM HORIZONTAL : 90°

RIG TYPE : Edson 3000

MOUNTING : Truck

CONTRACTOR : TERRATEST

DRILLER : R. WELSH

DATE STARTED : 9/3/12

DATE COMPLETED : 11/3/12

DATE LOGGED : 11/3/12

LOGGED BY : TW

CHECKED BY : DH

DRILLING					MATERIAL							
PROGRESS	DRILLING & CASING	WATER	DRILLING PENETRATION	SAMPLES & FIELD TESTS	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION Soil Type, Colour, Plasticity or Particle Characteristic Secondary and Minor Components	MOISTURE CONDITION	CONSISTENCY	RELATIVE DENSITY	STRUCTURE & Other Observations
	ADT HW Casing				0.0	ML	0.20m	CLAYEY SILT: dark brown, low plasticity, trace of vegetation	M			TOPSOIL
					0.20	CI-CH	0.40m	SILTY CLAY: yellow brown and pale grey, medium to high plasticity				RESIDUAL SOIL
			E	0.50m SPT 4, 6, 10 N [*] =16	0.95			SILTY SANDSTONE: yellow brown and pale grey, fine grained; extremely weathered			H	BEDROCK 0.50: SPT Recovery: 0.45 m 0.80: HP Samp >400 kPa
			F	1.50m SPT 12/150mm HB N=R 1.65m	2.00		2.00m	Continued as Cored Drill Hole				
					3.0							
					4.0							
					5.0							
					6.0							
					7.0							
					8.0							

See Explanatory Notes for details of abbreviations & basis of descriptions.

ROADS AND MARITIME SERVICES, NSW



CORED DRILL HOLE LOG

HOLE NO : B1

FILE / JOB NO : G4372

SHEET : 2 OF 4

PROJECT : BERRY BYPASS
LOCATION :

POSITION : E: 290290.640, N: 6149969.460 (56 MGA94) SURFACE ELEVATION : 40.410 (AHD) ANGLE FROM HORIZONTAL : 90°

RIG TYPE : Edson 3000 MOUNTING : Truck CONTRACTOR : TERRATEST DRILLER : R. WELSH

DATE STARTED : 9/3/12 DATE COMPLETED : 11/3/12 DATE LOGGED : 11/3/12 LOGGED BY : TW CHECKED BY : DH

CASING DIAMETER : HW BARREL (Length) : 3.00 m BIT : IMPREG BIT CONDITION : GOOD

DRILLING			MATERIAL				FRACTURES	
PROGRESS	LOSS	TESTS	DEPTH (m)	DESCRIPTION	Weathering	ESTIMATED STRENGTH Is(50)	NATURAL FRACTURE (mm)	ADDITIONAL DATA
DRILLING & CASING	WATER	CORE LOSS	GRAPHIC LOG	ROCK TYPE : Colour, Grain size, Structure (texture, fabric, mineral composition, hardness alteration, cementation, etc as applicable)	Weathering	● Axial ○ Diametral EL _{-0.03} VL _{-0.1} L _{-0.3} M ₋₁ H ₋₃ VH ₋₁₀ EH ₋₁₀	20 40 100 300 1000	(joints, partings, seams, zones, etc) Description, orientation, infilling or coating, shape, roughness, thickness, other
			0.0					
			2.0	2.00m START CORING AT 2.00m				
		0% LOSS	2.40	SILTY SANDSTONE: yellow brown, fine grained, bedded at 0-10°.	EW MW			SM Clay 20 mm BPs 5 - 10° Fe IR RF PR
		0% LOSS	3.00	SILTY SANDSTONE /SILTSTONE: grey with dark grey, fine grained, colours interlaminated, wavy bedding at 0-10°, occasional off-white clasts.	F			DB
		0% LOSS	3.00	Is(50) d=2.05 a=3.81 MPa				BP 10° Fe IR RF
		0% LOSS	4.00	SILTY SANDSTONE: yellow brown and grey, fine grained, with dark grey silty laminae, bedded at 0-10°.	MW			BPs & JTs 0 - 90° Fe IR RF PR
		0% LOSS	4.00	Is(50) a=1.19 MPa				BPs & JTs 5 - 80° Fe IR RF PR
		80% LOSS	4.40	SILTY SANDSTONE /SILTSTONE: grey with dark grey, fine grained, colours interlaminated, wavy bedding at 0-10°, occasional off-white clasts.	EW MW			SM Clay 90 mm BPs & JTs 10 - 80° Fe IR RF PR
		0% LOSS	5.00	SILTY SANDSTONE /SILTSTONE: grey with dark grey, fine grained, colours interlaminated, wavy bedding at 0-10°, occasional off-white clasts.	F			DB
		0% LOSS	5.30	SILTY SANDSTONE: yellow brown, fine grained, with some dark grey silty laminae, bedded at 0-10°.	MW			SM Clay 80 mm BPs & JTs 5 - 90° Fe IR RF PR
		0% LOSS	6.00	Is(50) d=2.75 a=3.76 MPa				
		0% LOSS	6.80	SILTY SANDSTONE: yellow brown, fine grained, with some dark grey silty laminae, bedded at 0-10°.	EW MW			SM Clay 30 mm BPs & JTs 5 - 50° Fe IR RF PR
		14% LOSS	7.00	SILTY SANDSTONE /SILTSTONE: grey with dark grey, fine grained, colours interlaminated, wavy bedding at 0-10°, occasional thin off-white secondary mineralised	EW			BPs & JTs 5 - 60° Fe Clay IR RF PR
		0% LOSS	7.50	Is(50) a=3.82 MPa				SM Clay 230 mm
		0% LOSS	7.37m	CORE LOSS 0.10m (7.37-7.47)				
		0% LOSS	7.47m	SILTY SANDSTONE: yellow brown, fine grained, with some dark grey silty laminae, bedded at 0-10°.	MW			BPs & JTs 0 - 90° Fe IR RF PR
		0% LOSS	7.57m	SILTY SANDSTONE /SILTSTONE: grey with dark grey, fine grained, colours interlaminated, wavy bedding at 0-10°, occasional thin off-white secondary mineralised	F			DB BPs 0 - 10° Fe IR RF PR

RMS:LIB 32.GLB Log RTA CORED DRILL HOLE G4372 BERRY BYPASS.GPJ <DrawingFiles> 10/May/2012 14:36 8.30.002 Datalog CPT Tool.GINT Add-In

See Explanatory Notes for details of abbreviations & basis of descriptions.

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CORED DRILL HOLE LOG

HOLE NO : B1
 FILE / JOB NO : G4372
 SHEET : 3 OF 4

PROJECT : BERRY BYPASS
 LOCATION :

POSITION : E: 290290.640, N: 6149969.460 (56 MGA94) SURFACE ELEVATION : 40.410 (AHD) ANGLE FROM HORIZONTAL : 90°
 RIG TYPE : Edson 3000 MOUNTING : Truck CONTRACTOR : TERRATEST DRILLER : R. WELSH
 DATE STARTED : 9/3/12 DATE COMPLETED : 11/3/12 DATE LOGGED : 11/3/12 LOGGED BY : TW CHECKED BY : DH
 CASING DIAMETER : HW BARREL (Length) : 3.00 m BIT : IMPREG BIT CONDITION : GOOD

DRILLING			MATERIAL			FRACTURES					
DRILLING & CASING	WATER	CORE LOSS (CORE LOSS FUN %)	SAMPLES & FIELD TESTS	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION ROCK TYPE : Colour, Grain size, Structure (texture, fabric, mineral composition, hardness alteration, cementation, etc as applicable)	Weathering	ESTIMATED STRENGTH Is(50) ● Axial ○ Diametral	NATURAL FRACTURE (mm)	VISUAL	ADDITIONAL DATA (joints, partings, seams, zones, etc) Description, orientation, infilling or coating, shape, roughness, thickness, other
		0% LOSS		8.0	8.80m	veins. SILTY SANDSTONE /SILTSTONE: grey with dark grey, fine grained, colours interlaminated, wavy bedding at 0-10°, occasional thin off-white secondary mineralised veins. (continued)	T			DB DB DB DB	
		9.00 0% LOSS	Is(50) d=1.39 a=2.78 MPa	9.0		SILTSTONE: dark grey with some grey, fine grained sandstone layers, bedded at 0-10°, occasional thin off-white secondary mineralised veins.				DB DL BPs & JTs 5 - 30° Fe IR RF PR BP 5° Fe IR RF BP 2° Fe PR RF BP 10° Fe PR RF BP 5° Fe PR RF BP 10° Fe PR RF DB DB DB JT 30° Fe PR RF BP 10° Fe IR RF DB BPx3 5° Fe PR RF BP 10° Fe IR RF	
			Is(50) d=1.26 a=2.11 MPa	10.0						DB DB JT 20° Fe MS IR RF BP 5° Fe MS IR RF DB	
		12.00 0% LOSS	Is(50) d=2.07 a=3.67 MPa	12.0	12.92m					DB DL DBs BPx2 Fe PR RF DB BPs & JTs 5 - 30° Fe MS IR RF DB DB	
			Is(50) d=3.75 a=3.93 MPa	13.0		SILTY SANDSTONE /SILTSTONE: grey with dark grey, fine grained, colour interlaminated, wavy bedding at 0-10°, occasional thin off-white secondary mineralised veins and clasts.				DB DB DB BP 10° Fe PR RF BP 5° Fe IR RF BP 10° Fe PR RF BP 5° Fe PR RF	
		15.10 0% LOSS	Is(50) d=3.32 a=4.55 MPa	14.0						DB DB DB DB DB	
			Is(50) d=3.3 a=5.46 MPa	15.0						DL DB DB DB DB	
				16.0						JT 60 - 70° Fe MS UN RF	

RMS.LIB 32.GLB Log RTA CORED DRILL HOLE G4372 BERRY BYPASS.GPJ <DrawingFiles> 10/May/2012 14:36 8.30.002 Datalog CPT Tool.gINT Add-in HQ3

See Explanatory Notes for details of abbreviations & basis of descriptions.

CORED DRILL HOLE LOG

HOLE NO : B1

PROJECT : BERRY BYPASS
LOCATION :

FILE / JOB NO : G4372
SHEET : 4 OF 4

POSITION : E: 290290.640, N: 6149969.460 (56 MGA94) SURFACE ELEVATION : 40.410 (AHD) ANGLE FROM HORIZONTAL : 90°
RIG TYPE : Edson 3000 MOUNTING : Truck CONTRACTOR : TERRATEST DRILLER : R. WELSH
DATE STARTED : 9/3/12 DATE COMPLETED : 11/3/12 DATE LOGGED : 11/3/12 LOGGED BY : TW CHECKED BY : DH
CASING DIAMETER : HW BARREL (Length) : 3.00 m BIT : IMPREG BIT CONDITION : GOOD

DRILLING		MATERIAL		FRACTURES	
PROGRESS	DEPTH (m)	DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATED STRENGTH Is(50)	NATURAL FRACTURE (mm)	ADDITIONAL DATA
DRILLING & CASING	GRAPHIC LOG	ROCK TYPE : Colour, Grain size, Structure (texture, fabric, mineral composition, hardness alteration, cementation, etc as applicable)	Weathering E: -0.03 V: -0.1 L: -0.3 M: -1 H: -3 VH: -10 EH: -10	VISUAL	(joints, partings, seams, zones, etc) Description, orientation, infilling or coating, shape, roughness, thickness, other
WATER	SAMPLES & FIELD TESTS				
0% LOSS CORE LOSS (HW casing at 5.30m)	16.0	SILTY SANDSTONE /SILTSTONE: grey with dark grey, fine grained, colour interlamated, wavy bedding at 0-10°, occasional thin off-white secondary mineralised veins and clasts. <i>(continued)</i>	● Axial ○ Diametral	20 40 100 300 1000	DB DB DB
	16.44m				
	17.0	SILTSTONE: dark grey, with thin fine grained grey silty sandstone interlamated bedding at 0-10°, occasional thin off white secondary mineralised veins.	● Axial ○ Diametral		DB DB DB
	17.5				
0% LOSS	18.0		● Axial ○ Diametral		DB BP 5° Fe IR RF BP 5° Fe PR RF DB BP 5° Fe PR RF
	18.5				
	19.0		● Axial ○ Diametral		DB DB DB
	19.5				
	20.0		● Axial ○ Diametral		DB BP 5° Fe PR RF DB DB
	20.5				
	21.0		● Axial ○ Diametral		DB JT 30° CN IR RF JT 30° CN IR RF DB
	21.5				
	22.0		● Axial ○ Diametral		DB DB
	22.5				
	23.0		● Axial ○ Diametral		DB DB
	23.5				
	24.0				DB BPx2 10° Fe IR RF

BOREHOLEB1 TERMINATED AT 24.00 m

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NOTE: Standpipe installed, slotted 18.00 to 24.00m

See Explanatory Notes for details of abbreviations & basis of descriptions.



RMS.LIB 32 CLB Log RTA CORED DRILL HOLE G4372 BERRY BYPASS.GPJ <DrawingFiles> 10/May/2012 14:36 8.30.02 D:\gel\CPT Tool\GINT Add-In HQ3



Geotechnical Investigation
Bore Hole: B1

Photo 1 of 6

G4372
HW 1 - Princes Highway
Berry Bypass



Transport
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Geotechnical Investigation
Bore Hole: B1

Photo 2 of 6

G4372
HW 1 - Princes Highway
Berry Bypass



Transport
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Geotechnical Investigation
Bore Hole: B1

Photo 3 of 6

G4372
HW 1 - Princes Highway
Berry Bypass



Transport
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Geotechnical Investigation
Bore Hole: B1

Photo 4 of 6

G4372
HW 1 - Princes Highway
Berry Bypass



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NON-CORE DRILL HOLE - GEOLOGICAL LOG

HOLE NO : B2

FILE / JOB NO : G4372

SHEET : 1 OF 3

PROJECT : BERRY BYPASS
LOCATION :

POSITION : E: 290136.890, N: 6149541.750 (56 MGA94)

SURFACE ELEVATION : 4.150 (AHD)

ANGLE FROM HORIZONTAL : 90°

RIG TYPE : Edson 3000

MOUNTING : Truck

CONTRACTOR : TERRATEST

DRILLER : R. WELSH

DATE STARTED : 22/2/12

DATE COMPLETED : 24/2/12

DATE LOGGED : 24/2/12

LOGGED BY : TW

CHECKED BY : DH

DRILLING				MATERIAL							
PROGRESS		GROUND WATER LEVELS	SAMPLES & FIELD TESTS	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION Soil Type, Colour, Plasticity or Particle Characteristic Secondary and Minor Components	MOISTURE CONDITION	CONSISTENCY	RELATIVE DENSITY	STRUCTURE & Other Observations
DRILLING & CASING	WATER										
AD/T	HW Casing	E	0.50m SPT 2, 4, 5 N [*] =9	0.0	CI	0.30m	SILTY CLAY: brown, medium plasticity, trace of vegetation.				TOPSOIL
WB/RR	40% LOSS (HW casing at 4.00m)	E	0.80m ES 0.05m	0.30	CH		CLAY: yellow brown, high plasticity				ALLUVIUM
	40% LOSS (HW casing at 6.00m)	E	1.50m SPT 3, 3, 4 N [*] =7	0.80	CH	1.30m	CLAY: yellow brown and pale grey, high plasticity				Vst
	40% LOSS (HW casing at 6.00m)	E	1.80m ES 1.05m	1.30	CH		CLAY: yellow brown and pale grey, low plasticity, fine grained sand				S
	40% LOSS (HW casing at 6.00m)	E	3.00m SPT 3, 11, 18 N [*] =29	2.30	CL	2.30m	GRAVEL: dark grey, yellow brown and off-white, fine to coarse gravel, non plastic				M
	40% LOSS (HW casing at 6.00m)	E	3.45m	3.00	CL	3.25m					D
	40% LOSS (HW casing at 6.00m)	E	4.50m SPT 10, 19, 25 N [*] =44	3.25	GW						
	40% LOSS (HW casing at 6.00m)	E	4.95m	4.00	GW						
	40% LOSS (HW casing at 6.00m)	E	6.00m SPT 14, 19, 15 N [*] =34	4.50	GW						
	40% LOSS (HW casing at 6.00m)	E	6.45m	4.95	GW						
	40% LOSS (HW casing at 6.00m)	E	7.50m SPT 17, 27, 21 N [*] =48	6.00	GC	7.10m	CLAYEY GRAVEL: yellow brown, brown and pale grey, low plasticity, sandy clay bound fine to coarse sub-angular gravel				
	40% LOSS (HW casing at 6.00m)	E	7.95m	7.10	GC						

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See Explanatory Notes for details of abbreviations & basis of descriptions.

NON-CORE DRILL HOLE - GEOLOGICAL LOG

HOLE NO : B2

FILE / JOB NO : G4372

SHEET : 2 OF 3

PROJECT : BERRY BYPASS
LOCATION :

POSITION : E: 290136.890, N: 6149541.750 (56 MGA94)

SURFACE ELEVATION : 4.150 (AHD)

ANGLE FROM HORIZONTAL : 90°

RIG TYPE : Edson 3000

MOUNTING : Truck

CONTRACTOR : TERRATEST

DRILLER : R. WELSH

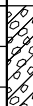



DATE STARTED : 22/2/12

DATE COMPLETED : 24/2/12

DATE LOGGED : 24/2/12

LOGGED BY : TW

CHECKED BY : DH

DRILLING					MATERIAL						
PROGRESS		DRILLING PENETRATION	GROUND WATER LEVELS	SAMPLES & FIELD TESTS	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION Soil Type, Colour, Plasticity or Particle Characteristic Secondary and Minor Components	MOISTURE CONDITION	CONSISTENCY RELATIVE DENSITY	STRUCTURE & Other Observations
DRILLING & CASING	WATER										
WB/RR	0% LOSS (HW casing at 7.50m)	H			8.0		GC	CLAYEY GRAVEL: yellow brown, brown and pale grey, low plasticity, sandy clay bound fine to coarse sub-angular gravel (<i>continued</i>)	M	D	8.00: ALLUVIUM
		E			8.50		CI	SILTY CLAY: yellow brown and grey, medium plasticity		St	RESIDUAL SOIL
				9.00m SPT 7 30/150mm HB N=R 9.30m	9.0		CI	SILTSTONE: yellow brown and dark grey, highly to moderately weathered.			BEDROCK
					9.25			Continued as Cored Drill Hole			9.20: HP Samp = 110 kPa
					10.0						
					11.0						
					12.0						
					13.0						
					14.0						
					15.0						
					16.0						

See Explanatory Notes for details of abbreviations & basis of descriptions.

ROADS AND MARITIME SERVICES, NSW



CORED DRILL HOLE LOG

HOLE NO : B2

FILE / JOB NO : G4372

SHEET : 3 OF 3

PROJECT : BERRY BYPASS
LOCATION :

POSITION : E: 290136.890, N: 6149541.750 (56 MGA94) SURFACE ELEVATION : 4.150 (AHD) ANGLE FROM HORIZONTAL : 90°

RIG TYPE : Edson 3000 MOUNTING : Truck CONTRACTOR : TERRATEST DRILLER : R. WELSH

DATE STARTED : 22/2/12 DATE COMPLETED : 24/2/12 DATE LOGGED : 24/2/12 LOGGED BY : TW CHECKED BY : DH

CASING DIAMETER : HW BARREL (Length) : 3.00 m BIT : STEP FACE BIT CONDITION : GOOD

DRILLING		MATERIAL				FRACTURES		
PROGRESS	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION	Weathering	ESTIMATED STRENGTH Is(50)	NATURAL FRACTURE (mm)	VISUAL	ADDITIONAL DATA
DRILLING & CASING	DEPTH		ROCK TYPE : Colour, Grain size, Structure (texture, fabric, mineral composition, hardness alteration, cementation, etc as applicable)		● Axial ○ Diametral			(joints, partings, seams, zones, etc) Description, orientation, infilling or coating, shape, roughness, thickness, other
	8.0							
	9.0							
	9.25m		START CORING AT 9.25m					
	9.33m		CORE LOSS 0.08m (9.25-9.33)					
	9.46m		SILTSTONE: dark grey and dark orange brown	MW				BPs & JTs 5 - 45° Fe PR RF
			SILTSTONE: dark grey, bedded at 0-10°, occasional thin off-white secondary mineralised veins.	F				DB
	10.0							JTs 60 - 85° MS PR RF BPs 10° Fe MS PR RF
								DB
	11.0							HB
								DB
								JT 90° CN PR RF BP 5° Clay PR RF
	12.0							HB
								DL
								HB
								HB
	13.0							DB on VN
								DB on VN
								DB
								HB
	13.86							
	14.0		BOREHOLEB2 TERMINATED AT 13.86 m					
	15.0							
	16.0							

See Explanatory Notes for details of abbreviations & basis of descriptions.

RMS.LIB.32.GLB.Log.RTA.CORED.DRILL.HOLE.G4372.BERRY.BYPASS.GPJ <DrawingFiles> 10/May/2012 14:37 8.30.002.Datgel.CPT.Tool.GINT.Add.in



Geotechnical Investigation
Bore Hole: B2

Photo 1 of 2

G4372
HW 1 - Princes Highway
Berry Bypass



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Geotechnical Investigation
Bore Hole: B2

Photo 2 of 2

G4372
HW 1 - Princes Highway
Berry Bypass



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NON-CORE DRILL HOLE - GEOLOGICAL LOG

HOLE NO : B3

FILE / JOB NO : G4372

SHEET : 1 OF 2

PROJECT : BERRY BYPASS
LOCATION :

POSITION : E: 290092.970, N: 6149191.990 (56 MGA94)

SURFACE ELEVATION : 3.250 (AHD)

ANGLE FROM HORIZONTAL : 90°

RIG TYPE : DB515

MOUNTING : Track

CONTRACTOR : RMS

DRILLER : R MORTON

DATE STARTED : 16/3/12

DATE COMPLETED : 17/3/12

DATE LOGGED : 17/3/12

LOGGED BY : MH

CHECKED BY : DH

DRILLING					MATERIAL			
PROGRESS	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION Soil Type, Colour, Plasticity or Particle Characteristic Secondary and Minor Components	MOISTURE CONDITION	CONSISTENCY	RELATIVE DENSITY	STRUCTURE & Other Observations
	0.0		CH	CLAY WITH SILT: dark brown and dark grey brown, high plasticity, trace root fibres		F		TOPSOIL
	0.40m							
	0.50m			CLAY: red brown and orange brown mottled pale grey, low plasticity, with black spots, possible iron oxide				ALLUVIUM
	0.95m							0.50: SPT Recovery: 0.45 m
	1.0							0.90: HP Samp = 130 - 150 kPa
	1.50m							1.50: SPT Recovery: 0.45 m
	1.95m							1.70: HP Samp = 130 - 200 kPa
	2.0		CH		M	St		
	2.20m							2.20: HP Samp = 130 kPa
	2.50m			becoming sandy				2.50: SPT Recovery: 0.45 m
	2.95m							2.90: HP Samp = 130 - 180 kPa
	3.0							
	3.80m							
	4.0			GRAVEL WITH SAND: dark brown and dark grey brown, fine and medium gravel, rounded to angular, fine to coarse grained sand				
	4.15m				W with M	VD		4.15: SPT Recovery: 0.2 m
	5.0		GP					
	5.65m			possible loose sand layer 100-200mm		VL		5.65: SPT Recovery: 0.1 m
	6.0							
	6.60m			evidence of charcoal pieces approx. 4mm				
	6.60m			SANDY GRAVEL / GRAVEL WITH SAND: dark grey brown and dark grey, fine to medium gravel, rounded to angular, fine to coarse grained sand, trace silt, trace clay		MD		
	7.0		GP					
	7.15m							7.15: SPT Recovery: 0.15 m
	7.60m							
	7.85m							
	8.00m			SANDY SILTSTONE: grey and dark grey, weathered				BEDROCK

See Explanatory Notes for details of abbreviations & basis of descriptions.

Continued as Cored Drill Hole

ROADS AND MARITIME SERVICES, NSW



RMS: LIB 32, GLE Log RTA NON-CORE DRILL HOLE G4372 BERRY BYPASS.GPJ <-DrawingFiles> 10/May/2012 14:37 8.30.002 Datgel.CPT Tool.gINT Add-In

CORED DRILL HOLE LOG

HOLE NO : B3

FILE / JOB NO : G4372

SHEET : 2 OF 2

PROJECT : BERRY BYPASS
LOCATION :

POSITION : E: 290092.970, N: 6149191.990 (56 MGA94)

SURFACE ELEVATION : 3.250 (AHD)

ANGLE FROM HORIZONTAL : 90°

RIG TYPE : DB515

MOUNTING : Track

CONTRACTOR : RMS

DRILLER : R MORTON

DATE STARTED : 16/3/12

DATE COMPLETED : 17/3/12

DATE LOGGED : 17/3/12

LOGGED BY : MH

CHECKED BY : DH

CASING DIAMETER : HW/NW

BARREL (Length) : 1.50 m BIT : STEP FACE

BIT CONDITION : GOOD

DRILLING			MATERIAL				FRACTURES				
DRILLING & CASING	WATER	CORE LOSS (% OF RUN %)	SAMPLES & FIELD TESTS	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION ROCK TYPE : Colour, Grain size, Structure (texture, fabric, mineral composition, hardness alteration, cementation, etc as applicable) START CORING AT 8.00m	Weathering	ESTIMATED STRENGTH Is(50) ● Axial ○ Diametral	NATURAL FRACTURE (mm)	VISUAL	ADDITIONAL DATA (joints, partings, seams, zones, etc) Description, orientation, infilling or coating, shape, roughness, thickness, other
		66% LOSS 8.15		8.0	8.00m 8.10m	CORE LOSS 0.10m (8.00-8.10)					
	0% Water LOSS	0% LOSS		8.75		SANDY SILTSTONE / SILTY SANDSTONE: sandstone is dark grey and grey, fine grained, occasional carbonaceous veneers and laminations	MW				DL BP 10° Fe IR RF DB BP 5° Pyrite IR RF
		0% LOSS	Is(50) d=1.2 a=4.66 MPa Is(50) d=1.52 a=2.22 MPa	9.0							DB DL DBs DBs
		0% LOSS		10.25							DB DBs JT 60° CN IR RF JT 50° CN IR RF
	20% Water LOSS	0% LOSS	Is(50) d=2.08 a=4.18 MPa	11.0							HB DL DB JTs 60° Pyrite IR RF DB JT 40° CN IR RF
		0% LOSS	Is(50) d=1.2 a=3.15 MPa	11.80							DB DB DB FZs
		0% LOSS	Is(50) d=1.68 a=4.21 MPa	12.0							DB DB DB
		0% LOSS	Is(50) d=1.36 a=3.78 MPa	12.80							JTs 65° CN IR RF
				13.0		BOREHOLEB3 TERMINATED AT 12.80 m					
				14.0							
				15.0							
				16.0							

RMS:LIB 32.GLB Log RTA CORED DRILL HOLE G4372 BERRY BYPASS.GPJ <DrawingFiles> 10/May/2012 14:38 8.30.02 Datgel CPT Tool.GINT Add-In

See Explanatory Notes for details of abbreviations & basis of descriptions.



Geotechnical Investigation
Bore Hole: B3

Photo 1 of 1

G4372
HW 1 - Princes Highway
Berry Bypass



Transport
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NON-CORE DRILL HOLE - GEOLOGICAL LOG

HOLE NO : B4

FILE / JOB NO : G4372

SHEET : 1 OF 3

PROJECT : BERRY BYPASS
LOCATION :

POSITION : E: 289982.280, N: 6148914.050 (56 MGA94)

SURFACE ELEVATION : 4.280 (AHD)

ANGLE FROM HORIZONTAL : 90°

RIG TYPE : DB515

MOUNTING : Track

CONTRACTOR : RMS

DRILLER : R MORTON

DATE STARTED : 13/3/12

DATE COMPLETED : 15/3/12

DATE LOGGED : 15/3/12

LOGGED BY : MH

CHECKED BY : DH

DRILLING					MATERIAL				
PROGRESS	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION Soil Type, Colour, Plasticity or Particle Characteristic Secondary and Minor Components	MOISTURE CONDITION	CONSISTENCY	RELATIVE DENSITY	STRUCTURE & Other Observations	
									DRILLING & CASING
	0.0	[Hatched Pattern]	CI	CLAY WITH SAND: dark brown and brown, medium plasticity, fine grained sand, trace root fibres		St		TOPSOIL	
	0.40m								
	0.50m	[Dotted Pattern]		CLAY: brown and orange brown, medium to high plasticity, trace fine grained sand		VSt		ALLUVIUM 0.50: SPT Recovery: 0.4 m 0.70: HP Samp = 300 - 350 kPa	
	0.95m								
	1.0	[Hatched Pattern]	CI-CH			M			
	1.50m							1.50: SPT Recovery: 0.45 m	
	1.95m					St to VSt		1.80: HP Samp = 200 - 250 kPa	
	2.0	[Dotted Pattern]	SC	CLAYEY SAND: orange brown and brown with grey, fine to medium grained sand, medium to high plasticity, trace coarse grained sand, trace fine gravel		M to W	L	2.50: SPT Recovery: 0.45 m	
	2.50m								
	2.95m								
	3.0	[Circular Pattern]	GP	GRAVEL WITH SAND: brown, dark brown and red brown, fine to coarse gravel, angular, fine to coarse grained sand				3.20: Installed HW casing to 2.65m. Water table raised up after penetrating top of clay layer	
	4.0							4.10: SPT Recovery: 0.15 m	
	4.10m								
	4.55m								
	5.0	[Circular Pattern]	SM	SILTY SAND: grey and dark grey, fine grained sand, trace low plasticity clay		W		5.60: SPT Recovery: 0.07 m	
	5.40m								
	5.60m								
	6.05m								
	6.0	[Circular Pattern]	GP	GRAVEL: brown and dark brown, fine to medium gravel, rounded to angular, with fine to coarse grained sand				7.10: SPT Recovery: 0.2 m	
	7.0								
	7.10m								
	7.55m								
	7.75m	[Circular Pattern]	SM	SILTY SAND: grey and dark grey, fine to medium grained sand		L		7.75: Soil type based on cuttings from recycled water return	
	8.0								

RMS.LIB 32.GLB Log RTA NON-CORE DRILL HOLE G4372 BERRY BYPASS.GPJ <<DrawingFiles>> 10/May/2012 14:38.8.30.002 Datgel.CPT Tool.gINT Add-In

See Explanatory Notes for details of abbreviations & basis of descriptions.

NON-CORE DRILL HOLE - GEOLOGICAL LOG

HOLE NO : B4

FILE / JOB NO : G4372

SHEET : 2 OF 3

PROJECT : BERRY BYPASS
LOCATION :

POSITION : E: 289982.280, N: 6148914.050 (56 MGA94)

SURFACE ELEVATION : 4.280 (AHD)

ANGLE FROM HORIZONTAL : 90°

RIG TYPE : DB515

MOUNTING : Track

CONTRACTOR : RMS

DRILLER : R MORTON

DATE STARTED : 13/3/12

DATE COMPLETED : 15/3/12

DATE LOGGED : 15/3/12

LOGGED BY : MH

CHECKED BY : DH

DRILLING					MATERIAL						
PROGRESS		DRILLING PENETRATION	GROUND WATER LEVELS	SAMPLES & FIELD TESTS	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION Soil Type, Colour, Plasticity or Particle Characteristic Secondary and Minor Components	MOISTURE CONDITION	CONSISTENCY RELATIVE DENSITY	STRUCTURE & Other Observations
DRILLING & CASING	WATER										
WB	NW Casing	E			8.0	SM	8.20m	SILTY SAND: grey and dark grey, fine to medium grained sand <i>(continued)</i>	W	L	
NW Casing	10% Water LOSS	H		8.60m SPT 19, 16, 20/120mm N*=R	9.0	GP	9.60m	GRAVEL: brown and grey brown, fine and medium gravel, rounded to angular, trace silt, trace fine grained sand	M	VD	8.60: SPT Recovery: 0.1 m
					9.02m		9.60m	SANDY SILTSTONE: grey and dark grey, fine grained, weathered			BEDROCK
					10.0		10.00m	Continued as Cored Drill Hole			
					11.0						
					12.0						
					13.0						
					14.0						
					15.0						
					16.0						

See Explanatory Notes for details of abbreviations & basis of descriptions.

CORED DRILL HOLE LOG

HOLE NO : B4

FILE / JOB NO : G4372

SHEET : 3 OF 3

PROJECT : BERRY BYPASS
LOCATION :

POSITION : E: 289982.280, N: 6148914.050 (56 MGA94) SURFACE ELEVATION : 4.280 (AHD) ANGLE FROM HORIZONTAL : 90°

RIG TYPE : DB515 MOUNTING : Track CONTRACTOR : RMS DRILLER : R MORTON

DATE STARTED : 13/3/12 DATE COMPLETED : 15/3/12 DATE LOGGED : 15/3/12 LOGGED BY : MH CHECKED BY : DH

CASING DIAMETER : HW/NW BARREL (Length) : 1.50 m BIT : STEP FACE BIT CONDITION : GOOD

DRILLING				MATERIAL				FRACTURES			
PROGRESS	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION	Weathering	ESTIMATED STRENGTH Is(50)	NATURAL FRACTURE (mm)	ADDITIONAL DATA				
DRILLING & CASING	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	ROCK TYPE : Colour, Grain size, Structure (texture, fabric, mineral composition, hardness alteration, cementation, etc as applicable)	Weathering	ESTIMATED STRENGTH Is(50) ● Axial ○ Diametral	NATURAL FRACTURE (mm)	(joints, partings, seams, zones, etc) Description, orientation, infilling or coating, shape, roughness, thickness, other				
WATER	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG			EL -0.03 VL -0.1 L -0.3 M -1 H -3 VH -10 EH	20 40 100 300 1000	VISUAL				
CORE LOSS (DRILL DEPTH)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG									
SAMPLES & FIELD TESTS	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG									
	8.0										
	9.0										
	10.0		10.00m START CORING AT 10.00m								
0% LOSS	10.0		SANDY SILTSTONE / SILTY SANDSTONE: siltstone is dark grey and grey; sandstone is fine grained. Numerous closed fractures at 0° - 30°. Trace of pyrite on joints and BPs. Occasional carbonaceous veneers and laminations at 0° - 10°. Moderately to well cemented.	SW			JT 80° closed JT? 15° closed JT 70° closed				
11.47	11.0		Is(50) d=1.55 a=2.99 MPa				DB DB JT? 50° MU IR RF DL BPs				
0% LOSS	11.47			MW SW			DB FZs JTDB 25° CN IR RF				
12.95	12.0		Is(50) d=2.9 a=4.92 MPa	MW SW			DB HB DB FCDB 80° CN IR RF DB BPDB 0° CN IR RF DB				
0% LOSS	12.95						DL BP?HB 10° Pyrite IR RF				
14.41	13.0		Is(50) d=2.5 a=1.76 MPa				JT 90° Pyrite DIS BP? 0° CN IR RF BPs CN IR RF FZs 20 mm BPsDB 0° CN IR RF				
0% LOSS	14.41			MW HW SW			BP 20° CN IR RF JTSD 0 - 10° CN IR RF JT 10° CN IR RF DB				
15.90	15.0		Is(50) d=3 a=2.78 MPa				DL FZs 20 mm BP 20° CN IR RF				
0% LOSS	15.90			MW SW			BPs 0° CN IR RF DB FZs 20 mm DB DB				
	15.90		Is(50) d=5.1 a=6.37 MPa				BP? 20° CN IR RF JT 90° CN IR RF FZs 20 mm BP 20° CN IR RF DB DB				
	16.0		BOREHOLE B4 TERMINATED AT 15.90 m Standpipe installed								

RMS.LIB 32.GLB Log RTA CORED DRILL HOLE G4372 BERRY BYPASS.GPJ <DrawingFiles> 10/May/2012 14:38 8.30.002 Datalog CPT Tool.GINT Add-In

See Explanatory Notes for details of abbreviations & basis of descriptions.

ROADS AND MARITIME SERVICES, NSW





Geotechnical Investigation
Bore Hole: B4

Photo 1 of 2

G4372
HW 1 - Princes Highway
Berry Bypass



Transport
Roads & Maritime
Services



Geotechnical Investigation
Bore Hole: B4

Photo 2 of 2

G4372
HW 1 - Princes Highway
Berry Bypass



Transport
Roads & Maritime
Services