

Safety After Dark Innovation Challenge

Transport Digital Accelerator Friday March 6th, 2020



Welcome



Introduction

Calvin Frith Innovation Program Manager

Transport Digital Accelerator Transport for NSW



Agenda

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Opening remarks
- 3. Transport Digital Accelerator
- 4. Safety After Dark
- 5. The Challenge
- 6. Q and A



Safety After Dark

A city where women travel safely at night.





On offer





Don't worry!

A recording of this session and a copy of the presentation slides will be available on the Transport Digital Accelerator website





Opening remarks

Elizabeth Mildwater Deputy Secretary, Greater Sydney

Transport for NSW



Transport Digital Accelerator

Stephanie Salter Director, Transport Digital Accelerator

Customer Strategy and Technology Transport for NSW

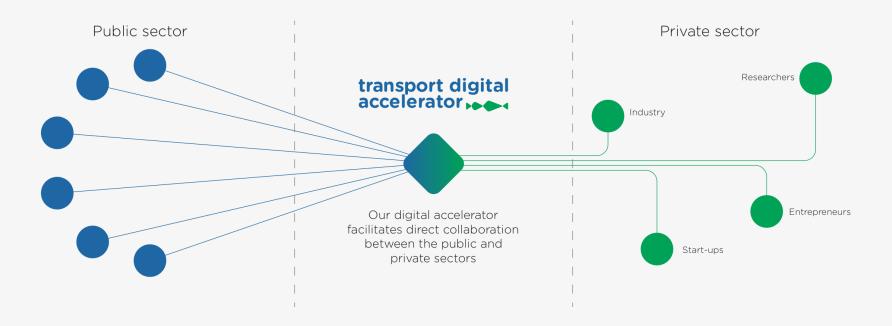


Who we are



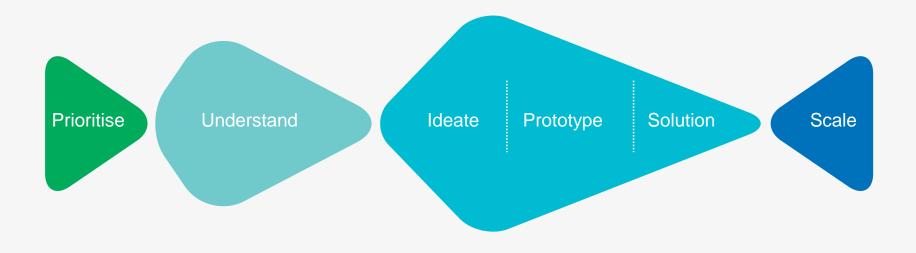


How we work





Transport Digital Accelerator Framework





Our Partners





Australian Government

Austrade



11111 CISCO.



Deloitte.

Google







OPTUS





Successful case studies from past challenges



Uber





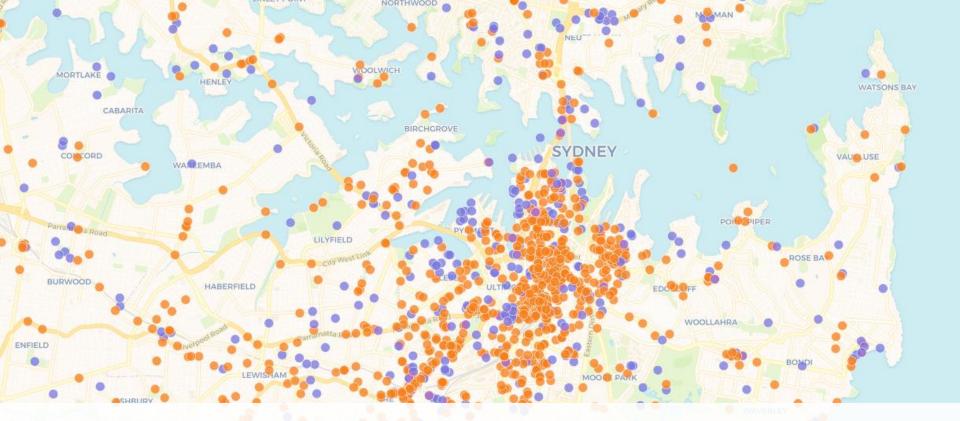


Safety After Dark

Stephanie Strilakos Senior Service Designer

Transport Digital Accelerator Transport for NSW

What is Safety After Dark?



Plan International: Free to Be - Sydney

TEMPE

FARLWOD





Greater Sydney Women's Safety Charter





1 in 2 women do not feel safe walking home at night, compared to 1 in 5 men.

The Australia We Want - Second Report Community Council for Australia, 2019



87% of Australian women have experienced street harassment and modify their behaviour in response.

Everyday Sexism The Australia Institute, 2015



How women react and modify their behaviour

47% avoid the area if they are alone	12% never went back there	1% (20 respondents) stopped going to school, university or work	36% are resigned to the fact that these things happen
"I don't run there in	"I now use a	"I quit my job	"I always check behind

the late afternoon anymore." Age 17 "I now use a different route to the station, park my car elsewhere." *Age 25* "I quit my job because I was terrified." *Age 24* "I always check behind my back and scan the trees and bushes and walk fast to the main road where light is." *Age 25*



"The repercussions go beyond the physical and psychological toll on individuals who have been attacked. Harassment and fear of violence can impede free movement of girls and women and stop them reaching their full potential, both socially and economically"

> What would a city that is safe for women look like? The Guardian, December 2018



20% of bad pins were tagged to public transport.

Free to Be – Sydney Plan International, 2018



Our vision is safer mobility for women in the city.

"Women have the right to feel safe every minute of every day in NSW. Transport is committed to ensuring every woman feels protected moving around our state"

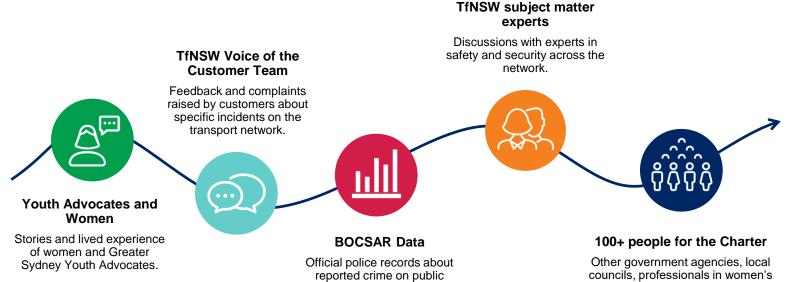
Minister for Transport and Roads, Andrew Constance



The Research



Who we spoke to



transport in NSW.

Other government agencies, local councils, professionals in women's health and safety, planning and infrastructure, and representatives from the night time economy and entertainment sector.





Who are we designing for?

Research has revealed that girls and women are particularly vulnerable to unwanted behaviour and harassment in public spaces. For this challenge, we are looking at **women's safety after dark**, with the belief that improving the transport experience for women will improve the experience for all.

Some things to consider:

- Reason for travel
- Location
- Resources



We don't have the full picture

The statistics and data on women's experiences reveal only part of the picture, partially due to low levels of reporting and high levels of normalisation and minimisation.

With these significant gaps, our understanding of the problem is incomplete, which may be impacting the decisions we make.







Women are often tasked with ensuring their own safety

Traditionally, safety communications have reinforced the message that it is women's responsibility to ensure their own safety.

'Stay alert', 'Don't travel alone at night', 'Make sure your friends get home safe'

This often results in women modifying their behaviour to make themselves safer, doing mental 'risk assessments' when out, and being at a financial disadvantage to increase their safety through private transport.



Safety can be personal and subjective

The problem of women not feeling safe moving about the city is not a unique issue to us alone. At the root is entrenched social norms and cultural ideas about behaviour and gender.

This is a complex problem space, and what makes one person feel safer may not bring the same level of comfort to the next person.

We are taking the approach of 'test and learn' and are keen to understand what interventions show promise at increasing safety across our network.



Key Journey Stages



First and last mile

Navigating to a stop or station by walking and other modes of active transport **Transport precinct**

Moving through and interacting with the area around a transport hub (inc. walkways and tunnels)



Interchange

Waiting at a stop or station for a transport service

Travelling on mode

Travelling on a mode of transport between point A and point B



Reporting

Notifying authorities of unwanted behaviour, harassment and assault

First and last mile

Transport precinct

The first and last mile is a key decision point for women when considering how, when and if to travel.

This step of the journey can be a significant barrier to women using public transport at night if they do not feel safe.



Interchange

Travelling on mode

Station platforms and train carriages while crowded during peak times, can become quite different environments at night.

The lack of other passengers to provide passive surveillance often changes perceptions of safety.



Reporting

It is estimated on average only 10% - 20% of incidents that occur are reported to authorities. We also know that it is likely only violent sexual assaults will be reported.

Women often experience unwanted behaviours that are not classified as 'crimes' – leading to ambiguity around if and where they can tell someone about what has happened.





Where to focus

Street harassment and Serious sexual assault



Where to focus





You could consider...



Predict or prevent

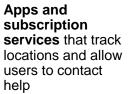
Detect and act



Existing products in the market

There are a number of products, services and solutions in the market (both Australia and overseas) that are targeted towards improving women's safety in public spaces and when travelling.







Wearables, such as physical devices and panic buttons

Digital 'panic' buttons

Policy interventions, such as segregated carriages (Japan)



Awareness campaigns, such as Report it to Stop it (London), Ask For Angela







Resources and links

- Plan International <u>https://www.plan.org.au/freetobe</u> <u>https://www.plan.org.au/learn/publications</u>
- Crowdspot data from the Sydney Free to Be Project
 <u>https://crowdspot.carto.com/tables/ftb_sydney_archive/public</u>
- Safety After Dark Report Committee For Sydney
 https://www.sydney.org.au/publication/sydney-adding-to-the-dividend-ending-the-divide-2-2/
- Everyday Sexism The Australia Institute <u>https://www.tai.org.au/content/everyday-sexism</u>
- The Australia We Want 2019 Report Community Council for Australia https://www.communitycouncil.com.au/content/australia-we-want-second-report
- BOCSAR Data
 <u>https://www.bocsar.nsw.gov.au/</u>
- Greater Sydney Women's Safety Charter <u>https://www.greater.sydney/womens-safety-charter</u>

Image credit: Vectors adapted from Macrovector - www.freepik.com/macrovector



The Challenge

Calvin Frith Innovation Program Manager, Transport Digital Accelerator

Customer Strategy and Technology Transport for NSW









Focus areas for the Challenge



First and last mile

Navigating to a stop or station by walking and other modes of active transport

Transport precinct

Moving through and interacting with the area around a station (inc. walkways and tunnels)



Interchange

Waiting at a stop or station for a transport service



Travelling on mode

Travelling on a mode of transport between point A and point B

Reporting

Notifying authorities of unwanted behaviour, harassment and assault



Out of Scope

Policies and procedures around emergencies

We are not replacing the function of the police. Should a customer be in a situation where they need immediate assistance, they are always advised to call triple 0.

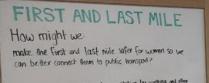
Transport reporting systems and procedures

Internal reporting processes and feedback systems are always improving. Solutions may lay outside of this (i.e. consider what isn't reported)

Regional Transport

Regional transport presents a set of unique factors such as long journeys, distances between stations and overnight services. For this phase of the project, it is out of scope.





FINAL CONCEPTS

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Solution areas

Deep Tech

Advanced technology that optimises data collection and informed decision making.

This included the use of sensors, artificial intelligence, and increasing capabilities of CCTV.

Targeted interventions

Targeted interventions in areas where specific problems have been identified.

Focus could be on the built environment, along identified routes, or where there is potential to radically change systems of safety.

Education and Behaviour Change

Data and insights on behaviours that influence safety and interventions that nudge towards desired behaviour.

Creativity is encouraged, providing approaches are informed by accurate data and interventions are underpinned by advanced technology.



Criteria

1. **Action and Alignment** - Is the project aligned to the Safety After Dark project? Is action being taken?

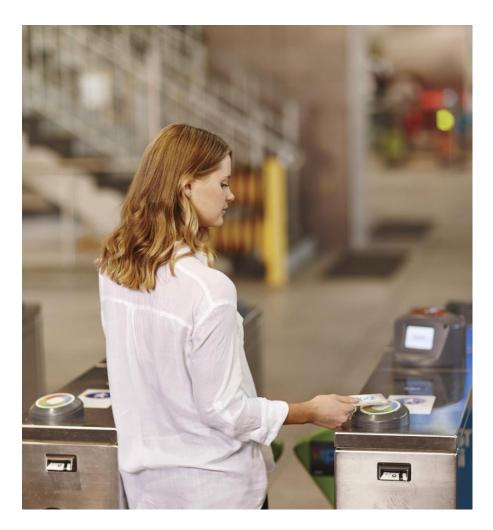
2. **Understanding of Problem** - Has the applicant explained how women travelling at night would benefit and how women have been considered in the design and delivery?

3. **Data-Informed Decision Making** - How deeply has the application considered data in its' approach?

4. **Technology and Team** - Is the technology new, innovative, or advanced?

5. **Timeline and Stakeholders** - Can the project be implemented within the allocated timeframes?

6. **Support Required** - Does the project represent good value for money?

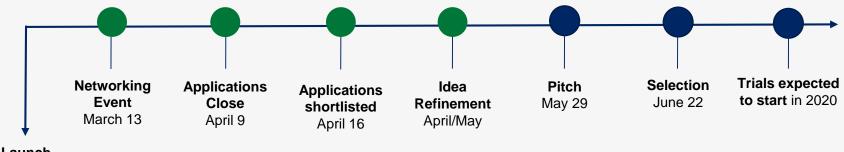




Next steps



Next steps



Launch March 6

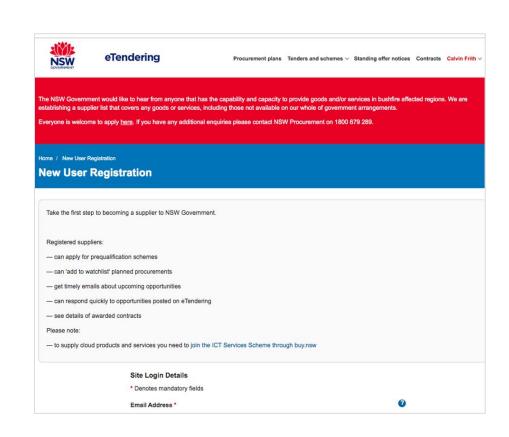


How to Apply

eTendering is straightforward

Go to tenders.nsw.gov.au or follow the links on the Transport Digital Accelerators dedicated Safety After Dark page.

Registering takes 2 minutes

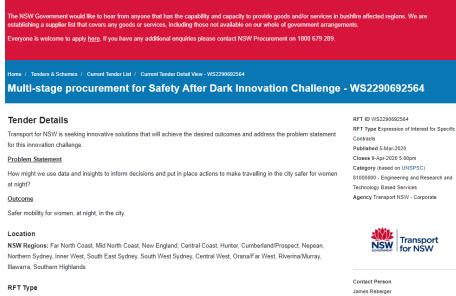




How to Apply

Once you've registered, find the EOI by viewing current tenders.

We also link you directly to the Innovation Challenge, on eTendering, through the Digital Accelerator Website



Procurement plans Tenders and schemes ~ Standing offer notices Contracts Log in New user

Expression of Interest for Specific Contracts - An invitation for Expression of Interest (EOI) for pre-registration of prospective tenderers for a specific work or service. Applicants are initially evaluated against published selection criteria, and those who best meet the required criteria are invited to Tender (as tender type Pre-Qualified/Invited).

eTendering

NSW

Phone: +61 466 922 137 james.reberger@transport.nsw.gov.au Q



Safety After Dark Website

The Transport Digital Accelerator has a dedicated page for the Safety After Dark Innovation Challenge.

The FAQ section has pre-empted many questions already!

You'll find a link to this recording and pack shortly, too

Apply via eTendering!

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		LLENGE fter Dark Ilogies that address issues of v	vomens' safety who	en travelling, at	
Home		The Challenge		FAQ -Questions you m	ight esk
The Future Transport Digital Accelerator.		How might we use data and insights to inform decisions and put in place actions to make travelling in the city safer for women at night?		What is Safety After Dark!	
Resources Page resources					
	on making wome women's safety (participating in c	Safety After D. Whas announced an initiative, in feel and be safer when trave revealed that girls and women bur city at night. While many fa as identified as an area where	, Safety After Dark, elling in our city. Re do not always feel actors contribute to	search into safe a this,	
	Transport for NS agencies, local c	W are committed to collaboral ouncils and industry to work or We are taking action through	n solutions to make	e our city	
Innovatior	Challenge		Greater Sydn	ey Women's Safet	y Charter
The Safety After Dark Innovation Challenge Accelerating technologies that address issues of womens' safety when travelling, at night. We're keen to find the world's best solutions to the below problem statement and see those solutions scale.		s issues of womens'	The Charter was launched by the Greater Sydney Commission on International Women's Day in March 2020. The Charter has been developed in partnership with Transport for NSW alongside other government agencies, industry, councils and peak bodies. It outlines a set of principles that can be actioned to make		







Q&A Panel Members

Facilitator:

• Calvin Frith – Innovation Program Manager, Transport Digital Accelerator

Panel:

- Stephanie Salter Director, Transport Digital Accelerator
- Stephanie Strilakos Senior Service Designer, Transport Digital Accelerator
- Meredith Jones A/Executive Director Communications and Engagement, Greater Sydney Commission



Future Transport Concierge

Transport has an open door for startups.

Get in contact with the Future Transport Concierge and stay on our radar.





Thank You