Transport for NSW

ZEB Macquarie Park Bus Depot

REF submissions report

September 2024





transport.nsw.gov.au

Acknowledgement of Country

Transport for NSW acknowledges the traditional custodians of the land on which we work and live.

We pay our respects to Elders past and present and celebrate the diversity of Aboriginal people and their ongoing cultures and connections to the lands and waters of NSW.

Many of the transport routes we use today – from rail lines, to roads, to water crossings – follow the traditional Songlines, trade routes and ceremonial paths in Country that our nation's First Peoples followed for tens of thousands of years.

Transport for NSW is committed to honouring Aboriginal peoples' cultural and spiritual connections to the land, waters and seas and their rich contribution to society.



Prepared by AtkinsRéalis and Transport for NSW.

Executive summary

The proposal

Transport for NSW (Transport) is proposing to build a new battery electric bus depot at 1A and 1B Talavera Road, Macquarie Park as part of the Zero Emission Buses Greater Sydney Stage 1. The Macquarie Park Bus Depot (the proposal) will accommodate around 165 battery electric buses (BEBs) to support public transport services to the lower North Shore and Northwest suburbs of Sydney, stretching to Chatswood, Ryde and Paramatta.

The proposal will be the first purpose built battery electric bus depot delivered as part of the Zero Emission Buses (ZEB) Program, a New South Wales (NSW) Government initiative to transition the State's 8,000 plus diesel and compressed natural gas buses, to zero emissions technology by 2047.

Key community benefits of the ZEB Program include:

- improved liveability in the area through reduced noise and air pollution from diesel and gas buses
- an improved passenger experience on board and at bus interchanges

Key features of the proposal include:

- building new facilities to support the future bus operations including:
 - a single-level underground staff and visitor car park accessed from Talavera Road
 - an administration office
 - a bus maintenance facility
 - a bus wash bay
- removal of an existing bike path connection between M2 Hills Motorway and Talavera Road
- up to 162 bus charging bays and maintenance bays
- one breakdown bay
- installation of gantries and charging structures
- installation of chargers for buses around the depot
- · upgrading and widening of Pittwater Road to enable two-way bus access to and from the depot
- essential fire services
- installation of new dedicated walkways, security booths, fencing and lighting
- additional features of the proposal include:
 - substantial earthwork including retaining walls to create a suitable level operating surface
 - associated electrical infrastructure including power supply and switchgear
 - drainage and flood storage provision, including culvert construction
 - utilities adjustments
 - temporary on-site ancillary facilities during construction

Construction is expected to commence around mid-2025 and would take around 18-24 months to complete.

Display of the review of environmental factors (REF)

Transport prepared a REF for the ZEB Macquarie Park Bus Depot. The REF was publicly displayed between 3 June and 24 June 2024 at which time key stakeholders and the community were invited to provide feedback on the proposal.

 depot) and made available for download. A printed copy of the REF was also provided to City of Ryde Council Customer Service Centre at 1 Pope Street, Ryde NSW 2112.

The community were informed of the REF display location and website address through:

- email issued to stakeholders identified through early stakeholder mapping
- community notification distribution within 400m of the proposal
- hand-delivered letters issued to occupiers of adjoining land
- four posters installed at Talavera Road and Pittwater Road site entrances
- · one post on Facebook.

Transport also held community information sessions during the public display period to give the community a chance to learn more about the project, ask questions and 'have their say'. The community information sessions were held at Café Parco (5 Talavera Road, Macquarie Park) by Transport staff on 4 June 2024 and 12 June 2024.

Summary of issues and responses

Public display of the REF and the supporting consultation resulted in a total of 64 submissions, of which 52 were from the general community, one was from City of Ryde, one was from a government agency, one was a key stakeholder, five were from local businesses, one was a business interest group, one was a business owner, and two were property owners.

Of these submissions, 19 were in full support of the proposal, 8 submissions expressed partial support or were neutral about the proposal, and 23 objected to the proposal. The remaining 14 submissions raised comments or requests but did not offer a position on the proposal.

The five main issues raised during display of the REF were:

- proposal justification
- proposal design
- traffic, transport and access
- safety
- landscape, character and visual

Responses to these issues are summarised below.

Proposal justification

Some submissions queried the justification for the proposal, including the viability and cost effectiveness of the ZEB program, the alignment of the proposal with the net zero agenda, and the lifespan and cost of ZEB compared to diesel/gas buses. The proposal will contribute to the NSW Government's target of achieving net zero emissions by 2050. Transport has been using ZEBs in a trial since 2019 which has shown that they are viable. The ZEBs have a similar lifespan in terms of the whole asset to diesel or natural gas buses; the main difference being that ZEBs require a change of batteries every 8-10 years.

Submissions raised a lack of detail in the REF around other sites considered for the proposal. Submissions also suggested various alternative locations for a ZEB bus depot. The key criteria for selecting the potential depot location are that it must be located on Transport-owned land within bus contract region 7, be of appropriate size to accommodate the required capacity requirements and be suitably located to ensure effective access and operational performance of the depot. Based on this, the only option identified that meets these criteria are land plots at 1A/1B Talavera Road at Macquarie Park. There were no other potential depot locations that met all the criteria.

Proposal design

Design clarification

Various submissions requested clarification around the design, including on aspects such as site security, drainage and retaining wall interfaces, proposal location, bus entry/exit points, and impact on third party road assets.

Where additional environmental and community impacts may arise as part of detailed design, consultation will be undertaken with effected stakeholders.

General design suggestions/requests

Submissions included several general design suggestions and requests in relation to the proposal, including high quality and the need for design excellence standards, yard supervisor room, motorcycle parking facilities, duty officer and lost property room, flagpole and small garden, shade sail over bus parking area to protect drivers from adverse weather, private coach parking at depot, Electric Vehicle (EV) charging stations for public use, footpath continuity to site, road pavement reconstruction, utility service connections to be underground, reconsider the requirement for retaining wall, and incorporating 'woven ways' into the design as featured in the finalised Macquarie Park Innovation Precinct Place Strategy (NSW Department of Planning and Environment, 2022).

All the design suggestions and requests raised in the submissions have been noted and some will be further investigated during the detailed design of the proposal.

Electricity/power supply and demand

Concerns were raised in the submissions around the ability to meet the required power supply demand for the depot, as well as sourcing the power from renewable energy.

Transport is working closely with Ausgrid to secure the required power supply requirements for the depot.

Transport will be procuring a 100% firmed renewable electricity supply to power the remainder of the depot not powered by the depot solar photovoltaic (PV) system, as outlined in Section 3.1.7 of the REF. The depot (including depot buildings) shall utilise energy efficient fixtures and fittings and passive design measures to reduce total energy demand.

Renewable energy generation

A number of submissions identified the potential for renewable energy generation as part of the proposal and suggested the inclusion of solar panels, solar-charging pavement and inclusion of a Battery Energy Storage System (BESS). A solar photovoltaic (PV) system is proposed for installation on the maintenance workshop building, as outlined in Section 3.1.7 of the REF. Additional locations for solar PV systems and inclusion of a BESS may be investigated as part of detailed design to meet the existing sustainability and greenhouse gas emission environmental safeguards.

Traffic, transport and access

Impact on local road network

Concerns were raised in the submissions around the location of the proposal and its potential to result in increased traffic on the local road network, in relation to the existing congestion during peak hours and traffic choke points on Talavera Road, Lane Cove Road, and Waterloo Road, and its impacts on residents. The Traffic and Transport Assessment (TTA) undertaken concludes that the performance of intersections would not be changed by the proposal.

In general, City of Ryde Council queried aspects of the TTA and requested that should amendments to access be proposed during detailed design, the TTA should be refined. Traffic and transport impacts will be assessed, where additional impacts are expected as a result of detailed design.

Submissions also referred to cumulative development/construction occurring in the area, as well as the high degree of uncertainty regarding future development in the precinct. A specific concern was raised around future traffic generation being significantly higher than the background traffic growth data used in the modelling for the TTA. It is acknowledged that there is a high degree of uncertainty around future

development in the precinct, which may impact future traffic generation growth. Transport have provided the NSW Department of Planning, Housing and Industry (DPHI) with information on the proposed ZEB Macquarie Park Bus Depot to consider during the preparation of the Macquarie Park Innovation Precinct Stage 2 Rezoning Proposal.

Site access

Various alternatives to accessing the site were suggested in the submissions. The proposal separates light and heavy vehicles with light vehicles accessing via Talavera Road and heavy vehicles, including construction vehicles and buses, via Pittwater Road. This reduces the risk of driving light vehicles through an active depot. Feedback received during the community information sessions supported the proposed different access points for light and heavy vehicles. Access to the site, including dimensions of entrances, will be further developed during detailed design.

Active transport

In terms of active transport, a number of submissions expressed concern around the removal of the bike path connection between the M2 Hills Motorway (M2) and Talavera Road. The submissions indicated that the bike path is considered as a highly convenient link in the bike path network. Following consideration of the feedback received, Transport is looking into options to retain or relocate the existing bike path connecting the M2 and Talavera Road as part of detailed design. A suggestion was made around pedestrian and bicycle access also being provided to the depot from Pittwater Road. For safety reasons, access for pedestrians and bicycles will remain separate from the access for buses.

In relation to car parking supply, City of Ryde Council do not support the proposed 90% private vehicle mode-share for the depot, particularly given that the Macquarie Park Metro Station is located around 400 metres from the proposed site. Private vehicle parking numbers have been designed to support the proposed split shifts at the depot during operations. The number of car and motorcycle spaces will be further explored during detailed design and in consultation with the bus operator.

Safety

Submissions raised fire-related safety concerns around lithium-ion batteries in electric vehicles, fire events on-site and how this would be contained to protect neighbouring businesses. Transport is working closely with industry, bus operators and fire safety experts, including Fire and Rescue NSW and Office of Transport Safety Investigations, to identify any fire safety risks and mitigations that can be applied. Fire and Rescue NSW have specific requirements for battery electric vehicles and their charging infrastructure such as being located externally or in open air where possible and protected by fire hydrant coverage. These requirements will be integrated during the detailed design, in consultation with Fire and Rescue NSW.

A safety concern was also raised around the audibility of electric vehicles. To ensure peoples' safety, battery electric buses will be fitted with an acoustic vehicle alert system (AVAS) in accordance with Australian Design Rule 113/00 – Acoustic Vehicle Alerting Systems for Quiet Road Transport Vehicles 2024. The AVAS will generate an alerting sound while electric buses are travelling at low speeds of up to 25km/hr. Electric buses produce enough sound to hear whilst travelling above 25km/hr.

Landscape character and visual

Submissions expressed concerns around insufficient details being provided in the consultation material, including lack of any landscape plan and visual impact study. A landscape character and visual impact assessment was undertaken for the proposal to assess the potential impacts on the existing landscape character and views in the area surrounding the proposal. The assessment is included in Section 6.6 of the REF.

The visual impact assessment assessed several publicly accessible representative viewpoints in the area of the proposal, to ascertain potential landscape character and visual impacts and determine appropriate mitigation and management measures for minimising any impacts identified. These measures will be addressed during the detailed design.

A key management measure is the preparation of an Urban Design and Landscape Plan (UDLP) for the proposal as part of detailed design. The UDLP will investigate additional opportunities for landscaping.

Tree and vegetation removal is required to facilitate construction of the proposal. A Tree and Hollow Replacement Plan, which prioritises offset planting in the local area including within the depot site, will be

developed during the detailed design phase. All replacement planting will be undertaken in accordance with Transport's *Tree and Hollow Replacement guidelines EMF-BD-GD-0129* (Transport for NSW, 2023).

Changes to the proposal

After consideration of the issues raised in the public submissions, no changes to the proposal, such as amended designs or concept plan figures, are proposed. However, in response to feedback received in the submissions, additional safeguards and management measures have been proposed, and some feedback will be considered as part of detailed design. These are detailed in Section 5.2 of this submissions report.

Next steps

Transport, as the determining authority, will consider the information in the REF and this submissions report and make a decision whether or not to proceed with the proposal.

Transport will inform the community and stakeholders of this decision and, where a decision is made to proceed, will continue to consult with the community and stakeholders prior to and during the construction phase.

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1. Introduction and background

1.1 The proposal

Jointly funded by the Australian and NSW Governments, the ZEB Macquarie Park Bus Depot (the proposal) will be the first purpose-built battery electric bus depot delivered as part of the Zero Emission Buses Program (ZEB Program).

The ZEB Program is a NSW Government initiative to transition the State's 8,000 plus diesel and gas buses, to zero emissions technology by 2047. This transition delivers on the NSW Government's commitment to achieve net zero emissions by 2050, and to provide more comfortable journeys and liveable places for our passengers and communities.

The first stage of the ZEB Program is expected to be completed by 2028 and will deliver:

- 1,200 new electric buses for Greater Sydney
- 11 existing bus depots conversions to support the new battery electric fleet
- a new bus depot proposed to be built in Macquarie Park

Along with planned new electric buses and those already in service, it is expected there will be around 1,700 zero emission buses operating on Sydney roads by the end of 2028.

The key objectives of the ZEB program include:

- transition to net zero bus services and renewable energy sources in alignment with government policy
- increase liveability reduction in bus noise and emissions, during operation, asset life & supply chain
- increase efficiencies in bus operations and maintenance
- · improve fuel security and cost certainty
- increase mode shift to bus through improved passenger experience
- increase opportunities for local investment (manufacturing, assembly, training and education).

For more information about the ZEB Program, please visit transport.nsw.gov.au/zeroemissionbuses.

ZEB Macquarie Park Bus Depot

Transport for NSW (Transport) is proposing to build a new battery electric depot at 1A and 1B Talavera Road, Macquarie Park. The proposal will accommodate around 165 battery electric buses to support public transport services to the lower North Shore and Northwest suburbs of Sydney, stretching to Chatswood, Ryde and Paramatta.

Key features of the proposal include:

- building new facilities to support the future bus operations including:
 - a single-level underground staff and visitor car park accessed from Talavera Road
 - an administration office
 - a bus maintenance facility
 - a bus wash bay
- removal of an existing bike path connection between the M2 Hills Motorway and Talavera Road
- up to 162 bus charging bays and maintenance bays
- one breakdown bay
- installation of gantries and charging structures
- installation of chargers for buses around the depot

- · upgrading and widening of Pittwater Road to enable two-way bus access to and from the depot
- · essential fire services
- installation of new dedicated walkways, security booths, fencing and lighting
- additional features of the proposal include:
 - substantial earthwork including retaining walls to create a suitable level operating surface
 - associated electrical infrastructure including power supply and switchgear
 - drainage and flood storage provision, including culvert construction
 - utilities adjustments
 - temporary on-site ancillary facilities during construction.

The proposal is located on a parcel of surplus land owned by Transport, which has been used consistently by construction projects in the past as compound and laydown areas. The site comprises a mix of vegetated and cleared areas. The sloping site is bounded to the east by the M2 Hills Motorway. Beyond the motorway, to the east, lies the boundary of Lane Cove National Park.

Various commercial and industrial spaces surround the proposal, including the Cleanaway Ryde Resource Recovery Centre, to the east, and existing commercial developments to the west and south. The closest residential properties are to the northeast of the proposal.

Pending approval, construction is expected to commence around mid-2025 and would take around 18-24 months to complete.



Figure 1-1: Location of the proposal

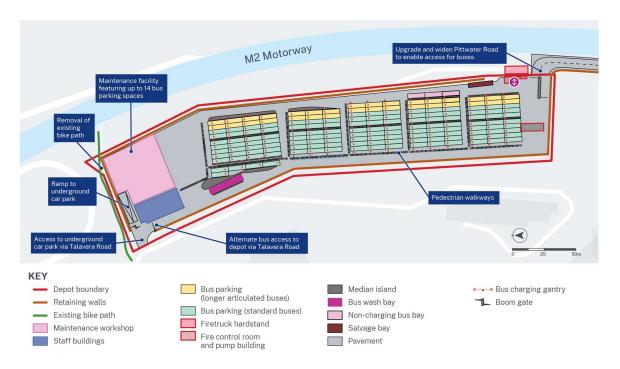


Figure 1-2: Key features of the proposal-indicative only, subject to change during detailed design

A more detailed description of the ZEB Macquarie Park Bus Depot is found in the ZEB Macquarie Park Bus Depot Review of Environmental Factors (REF) prepared by Transport in May 2024.

1.2 REF display

Transport prepared a REF to assess the potential environmental impacts of the proposal. The REF was publicly displayed for three weeks between 3 June 2024 and 24 June 2024 at which time key stakeholders and the community were invited to provide feedback on the proposal.

The REF was published on Transport's project website, the NSW Government Have Your Say website and made available for download. A printed copy of the REF was also provided to City of Ryde Customer Service Centre at 1 Pope Street, Ryde NSW 2112.

The community were informed of the REF display using the following methods:

- over 100 community notification delivered to properties within a 400 metre distance of the proposal
- emails sent to 40+ recipients
- doorknocking and hand delivering letters to neighbouring businesses
- four posters installed: two at the Talavera Road bike path and two at the Pittwater Road site entrances
- a Facebook social media campaign reaching over 19,166 users across Macquarie Park and neighbouring suburbs

Transport also held two community information sessions during the public display period to give the community a chance to learn more about the project, ask questions of the project team and provide feedback. The community information sessions were held at Café Parco (5 Talavera Road, Macquarie Park) by Transport staff on 4 June 2024 (between 8:00am – 10:00am) and 12 June 2024 (between 11:30am – 1:30pm).

The community were invited to submit feedback using the following communication channels:

online survey at yoursay.transport.nsw.gov.au/macpark-depot

- Transport's Project Infoline 1800 684 490
- Email at projects@transport.nsw.gov.au
- Mail delivered to PO Box K659, Haymarket NSW 1240
- In person at one of our pop-up information sessions held at Café Parco

There were 64 submissions relating to the proposal and REF received by Transport. This submissions report summarises the issues raised and provides responses to each issue (Section 2).

No changes to the proposal described in the REF are proposed. Therefore, no additional environmental assessment is required.

1.3 Purpose of this report

This submissions report relates to the REF prepared for the ZEB Macquarie Park Bus Depot and should be read in conjunction with that document.

The purpose of the submissions report is to summarise the issues raised during the REF public consultation and provides responses to each issue (Section 2). It also details any investigations carried out since finalisation of the REF (Section 3), describes and assesses the environmental impact of any changes to the proposal (Section 4) and identifies any new or revised environmental management measures (Section 5).

2. Response to issues

Transport received 64 submissions, accepted up until Monday 24 June 2024.

Table 2-1 lists the respondents and each respondent's allocated submission number. The table also indicates where the issues from each submission have been addressed in Section 3 of this report.

Table 2-1: Respondents

Respondent	Submission No.	Section number where issues are addressed
Individual	1	2.6.1
Individual	2	2.5.1
Individual	3	2.2.1, 2.17
Individual	4	2.4.4, 2.17
Individual	5	2.17
Individual	6	2.5.1, 2.5.3, 2.9, 2.17
Individual	7	2.5.1
Individual	8	2.17
Individual	9	2.17
Individual	10	2.5.3, 2.17
Individual	11	2.5.3, 2.17
Individual	12	2.17
Individual	13	2.5.1,
Individual	14	2.4.2, 2.17
Individual	15	2.17
Individual	16	2.5.1,
Individual	17	2.6.1, 2.6.2
Individual	18	2.5.1, 2.17
Individual	19	2.4.2, 2.5.2, 2.15, 2.16, 2.17
Individual	20	2.15
Individual	21	2.17
Individual	22	2.5.3, 2.17
Individual	23	2.5.1, 2.17
Individual	24	2.5.1
Individual	25	2.2.1
Individual	26	2.2, 2.4.3, 2.6.1, 2.13, 2.16
Individual	27	2.17
Individual	28	2.17
Individual	29	2.17

Respondent	Submission No.	Section number where issues are addressed
Individual	30	2.5.1, 2.5.3, 2.9
Individual	31	2.4.3, 2.5.1
Individual	32	2.5.1
Individual	33	2.17
Individual	34	2.4.1
Individual	35	2.4.2
Individual	36	2.15
Individual	37	2.15
Individual	38	2.6.1
Individual	39	2.17
Individual	40	2.5.3, 2.17
Individual	41	2.4.4
Local Business	42	2.17
Individual	43	2.5.3
Individual	44	2.15,
Individual	45	2.4.2, 2.4.4
Individual	46	2.5.1
Business Interest Group	47	2.17
Individual	48	2.2.1, 2.2.2
Individual	49	2.4.2, 2.6.1, 2.7, 2.8
Individual	50	2.2.2, 2.5.1, 2.7, 2.8
Individual	51	2.5.3
Individual	52	2.2.2, 2.5.1, 2.7
Individual	53	2.2, 2.2.2
Local Business	54	2.14
Property Owner	55	2.4.2, 2.4.3, 2.5.2, 2.7, 2.11.1
Local Business	56	2.3, 2.5.2, 2.6.1, 2.9, 2.11.1, 2.12, 2.14, 2.16
Property Owner	57	2.2.1, 2.2.2, 2.3, 2.5.1, 2.5.2, 2.6.1, 2.7, 2.9, 2.11.1, 2.12, 2.14, 2.16
Local Business	58	2.2.2, 2.3, 2.4.1, 2.5.1, 2.5.2, 2.6.1, 2.7, 2.8, 2.9, 2.10
Local Business	59	2.3, 2.4.1, 2.5.1, 2.6.1, 2.9
Stakeholder	60	2.4.1, 2.4.2, 2.9, 2.11.1, 2.12
Business owner	61	2.4.4, 2.17
Individual	62	2.4.4, 2.17
NSW State Emergency Service (SES)	63	2.3, 2.11.2

Respondent	Submission No.	Section number where issues are addressed
City of Ryde	64	2.4.2, 2.5.1, 2.5.2, 2.5.3, 2.7, 2.8, 2.11.1, 2.11.2, 2.12, 2.16

2.1 Overview of issues raised

A total of 64 submissions were received in response to the display of the REF. This included submissions from City of Ryde, one government agency, one key stakeholder, five were from local businesses, one was a business interest group, one was a business owner, and two were property owners.

In total, 23 submissions objected to the proposal, 19 fully supported the proposal, 8 submissions were partially supportive or were neutral about the proposal, and 14 submissions did not offer a position on the proposal but raised comments or requests.

Each submission has been examined individually to understand the issues being raised. The issues raised in each submission have been extracted and collated, and corresponding responses to the issues have been provided. Where similar issues have been raised in different submissions, only one response has been provided. The issues raised and Transport's response to these issues forms the basis of this chapter.

The key issues raised have been summarised into the following categories:

- Justification of the proposal
- Alignment with NSW Government strategies
- Consultation
- Proposal design
- Traffic, transport and access
- Safety
- Landscape character and visual impact
- Lighting
- Air quality
- Hydrology and flooding impacts
- Soil and contamination
- Climate risk and greenhouse gases
- Impact on businesses
- Impact on bus services
- · Other issues

A breakdown of the number of key issue categories raised by the community are included in Figure 2-1.

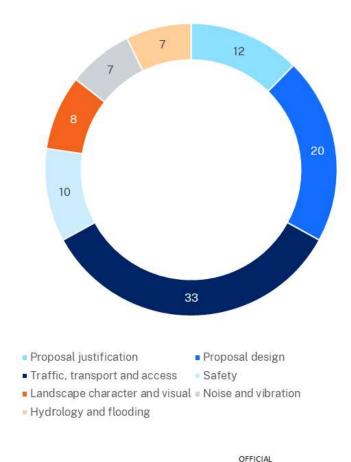


Figure 2-1: Key themes raised by the community and the number of submissions received

The main issues raised in the NSW SES submission were:

- Recommend consulting with the NSW Department of Climate Change, Energy, the Environment and Water (DCCEEW) regarding the impacts of the development on flood behaviour.
- Request further flood information including velocity, hydraulic hazard, time to overtopping and duration of inundation for the site and access/egress roads, including climate change impacts, for floods up to and including the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF).
- Any updated modelling to include a scale that provides more detail on depth beyond 2m, to better
 understand the flood risks.
- Site and building design that would avoid entry or exit through high hazard areas.
- Raising power outlets and storing electrical equipment above the PMF level, where possible, to reduce the risk to life and property.
- Consider flood resilience of access/egress routes up to the 1:500 year local flooding, where feasible
 and there are no adverse impacts on adjacent areas, as we note that upgrades to Pittwater Road are
 part of the scope of this project. This standard has been adopted for the Hawkesbury-Nepean Valley
 evacuation routes.
- Ensure that access to the basement and all basement openings (ramp vents, etc.) are situated above
 the PMF, or reconsidering basement carparking if this is not feasible, to reduce risk to life and
 property.
- Pursue site design and stormwater management that reduces the impact of flooding and minimises
 any risk to the community. Any improvements that can be made to reduce flood risk will benefit the
 community.

- Ensure staff, visitors and workers using the site during and after construction are made aware of the flood risk, for example through site inductions, by using signage and other flood information tools.
- Ensure that buildings are as safe as possible to occupy during flood events buildings must be designed for potential flood and debris loadings of the PMF so that structural failure is avoided during a flood, especially considering the flash flooding nature at the site.
- Consider closing the worksite and securing all materials and equipment prior to the start of the working day if there is a risk of flooding, on receipt of advice from the Bureau of Meteorology (BoM), or when other evidence leads to an expectation of flooding. Considering the flash flooding nature of the site, a Severe Weather Warning may be the most appropriate trigger for closing the worksite. Check the BoM website prior to start of the workday for any warnings.
- Develop an appropriate emergency plan to assist in being prepared for, responding to and recovering from flooding. Evacuation must not require people to drive or walk through flood water. Therefore, ideally the site would be closed prior to the impact of flooding.

The main issues raised in the City of Ryde submission were:

- Submission identifies components the REF should address
- Landscape character and visual impacts:
 - Insufficient details including lack of any landscape plan and visual impact study. A detailed landscape plan showing tree replacement locations and the public domain, to ensure the proposal maintain tree canopy cover in Ryde Local Government Area (LGA).
 - Concern that payment into the Transport Conservation Fund where tree replacement cannot be accommodated locally, is of no value to City of Ryde Council. Trees must be planted in Ryde LGA to maintain tree canopy cover.
 - A visual impact assessment is required to determine the visual impact of the proposed development to determine the impact on the character of the locality
- Street lighting to be upgraded to comply with relevant standards on Talavera Road traversing the site
 entrance and on the northern side of Wicks Road.
- Hydrology and flooding:
 - Civil plans to be prepared to reflect detailed demonstration of the exact area where vegetation will be removed and replaced with impervious surfaces
 - Preparation of a stormwater management plan for the proposal
 - New drainage infrastructure to be designed in accordance with City of Ryde Council's Development Control Plan (DCP) Part 8.2 Stormwater and Floodplain Management Technical Manual.
 - Flood study report to be prepared and identify if the proposed works are taking place in the high flood affected area.
 - Computer modelling to be undertaken analysing pre and post development situations to confirm that the proposal does not have adverse impact on the flood conditions of adjacent properties or downstream catchment. Electronic copies of the hydraulic model shall be submitted to Council.
 - Implement an onsite detention system
 - Concern around pollutants discharging to stormwater. Requirement to implement watersensitive urban design (WSUD) components.
 - Flood analysis to account for blockage of stormwater drainage system
- Traffic, transport and access
 - All vehicles (e.g., buses, cars, etc.) including construction vehicles should access the site via Talavera Road (i.e., no access via Wicks Road).
 - Concerns around aspects of the Traffic and Transport Assessment (TTA). Should access from Wicks Road be pursued, consideration to be given to updating the TTA.
 - Provide vehicle swept path analysis

- Concern for level of staff parking proposed
- Design requests:
 - Provide an extended footpath from Lane Cove Road
 - Provide road pavement reconstruction
 - Details of retaining wall on Pittwater Road to be provided where it encroaches into Ryde Council Public Domain
 - Installation of underground services
- Additional requests:
 - Concept utility connection plan
 - Plans for above ground and underground services
 - Verify ownership and right of use of Pittwater Road
 - Request for additional details, documents and reports to Council

2.2 Proposal justification

Submissions numbers

26, 53

Issue description

- a) ZEB program isn't viable or cost effective
- b) Proposal does not support net zero emissions agenda
- c) ZEB assets have a shorter lifespan and cost more to maintain than diesel/gas buses

Response

The NSW Government is committed to achieving net zero emissions by 2050. The transport sector is a large contributor to emissions in NSW, of which Transport's public bus operations are a significant component. The ZEB program will transition the state's 8,000 plus diesel and natural gas public transport buses to zero emissions technology and is key to achieving the NSW's Government's targets of 50 per cent carbon reduction by 2030 and net zero emissions by 2050.

The proposal is consistent with various strategic plans and policy documents including the NSW Government's Net Zero Plan Stage 1: 2020-2030, the Future Transport Strategy, the Transport Sustainability Plan 2021, and the Zero Emission Bus Transition Strategy 2021.

Transport has been using ZEBs in a trial since 2019 which has shown that they are viable.

For this proposal, battery electric buses were chosen as the most suitable zero emission technology available at scale that can support bus services in Sydney. ZEBs also have a similar lifespan in terms of the whole asset to diesel or natural gas buses; the main difference being that ZEBs require a change of batteries every 8-10 years.

BEBs will contribute to a reduction in carbon as they don't emit carbon emissions out of the tailpipe while operating.

To learn more about the Zero Emission Buses, please visit transport.nsw.gov.au/zeroemissionbuses.

2.2.1 Site selection and alternatives

Submissions numbers

3, 25, 48, 57

Issue description

- a) No information provided in REF on other sites considered for the proposal.
- b) Suggest an alternative site with better connectivity to the M2 would be more appropriate in areas with greater proportion of industrial sites available, such as Seven Hills.
- Suggestion to construct the depot in south west / Western Sydney due to concerns around driver shortage.
- d) Consider alternative proposal location at old North Ryde High School to avoid existing traffic choke points.

Response

The key criteria for selecting the preferred depot location for the proposal were that it must be located within Transport-owned land, be situated in bus contract region 7 area, be of appropriate size to accommodate the required capacity and be suitably located to ensure effective access and operational performance of the depot.

1A and 1B Talavera Road, Macquarie Park was the only option identified that meets all the criteria and could support existing bus services provided by Willoughby and Ryde bus depots. As such, no other options have been identified or considered as part of the proposal.

Macquarie Park Bus Depot is the first new depot proposed as part of the ZEB Program, with more locations to be determined during future stages of the program.

In Western Sydney, Transport is currently investigating options to deliver more ZEBs as part of the ZEB Program. in response to the recommendations in the NSW Bus Industry Taskforce Second Report (NSW Bus Taskforce, 2023). Additionally, Transport is proposing to deliver around 100 battery electric buses as part of the New Bus Services for Western Sydney project.

2.2.2 Alignment with NSW Government strategies

Submissions numbers

48, 50, 52, 53, 57, 58

Issue description

- a) No cohesion or alignment with Macquarie Park Innovation Precinct Place Strategy. More consideration is required in the context of the Strategy.
- b) Clash with Macquarie Park Strategic Infrastructure and Service Assessment.
- c) The bus depot design, including the proposed layout of the road network, disregards the intentions, and does not align with the desired outcome of the Macquarie Park Place Strategy for a new local road, inhibiting any connectivity between Wicks Road and Talavera Road.
- d) Removal of existing green space, as designated in Macquarie Park Place Strategy, and loss of valuable opportunity for greenspace for public enjoyment.

Response

Consideration has been given to the finalised Macquarie Park Innovation Precinct Place Strategy (NSW Department of Planning and Environment, 2022) ("the finalised Strategy").

Transport acknowledge that the draft Strategy identified 1A and 1B Talavera Road, Macquarie Park as a potential location for open space. However, this proposal was not adopted as part of the finalised Strategy and are no longer being considered.

The Macquarie Park Strategic Infrastructure and Service Assessment Draft Report (Greater Sydney Commission, 2021) was prepared to inform the finalised Strategy, which is therefore likely to have incorporated the outcomes of the assessment, where applicable.

The proposal is consistent with the finalised Strategy, which identifies the site for diversification and does not specify green or recreational zoning.

The concept of "Woven Ways" originates with the Macquarie Park Place Strategy (2022) and is a term used to describe links between key sites in the Macquarie Park precinct. Woven Ways are located outside of the street grid, respond to natural features and support precinct walkability. The Draft Macquarie Park Innovation Precinct Stage 2 Neighbourhoods Urban Design Framework (2024) proposes a woven way along the creek that traverses the proposal site. During the proposal site, the woven way is identified as taking the form of an underground creek connection, consistent with depot operational needs.

Opportunities to incorporate the creek Woven Way through interpretative features will be further investigated during detailed design of the proposal and environmental safeguard GEN6 has been added to address this issue.

Subject to approval, Transport will investigate opportunities to integrate further design options that align with the final Strategy during design which may include active transport connections, landscaping, connection to Country and more.

2.3 Consultation

Submissions numbers

56, 57, 58, 59, 63

Issue description

- a) Lack of/inadequate consultation with, and notification to, neighbouring business owners
- b) The level of detail in the consultation documentation is insufficient
- Requests for further consultation with adjacent landowners and other key stakeholder before and during detailed design
- d) Request that notification be provided where there are likely to be significant delays in the operation of the roads affected by the upgrades

Response

Transport's policy and commitment is to inform and consult with the local community. The ZEB Communications and Stakeholder Engagement Strategy outlines Transport's strategic approach to keeping the community informed and identifying opportunities to consult the community using a range of methods and platforms.

To date, Transport has taken steps to keep the community informed about the proposal and to provide advance notice of work completed. Community notifications have been delivered to neighbouring businesses and residents on three occasions. Several attempts were made to connect with adjoining property owners, strata managers and businesses owners leading up to the REF public display period. Transport has arranged meetings with key stakeholders where required and upon request and will continue to do so as the project progresses.

During the REF public display period, additional steps were taken to raise awareness and encourage feedback on the proposal. This included doorknocking and hand delivering letters to neighbouring businesses, emailing key stakeholders, installing posters at the site entrances and holding two community information sessions at a local café. A detailed overview of our communication approach during the REF can be found in the executive summary of the REF.

Should the project proceed, a Community Liaison Management Plan (CLMP) will be prepared and implemented during detailed design and construction. The CLMP will align with the Zero Emission Buses Program Communications and Stakeholder Engagement Strategy already developed and being implemented. The CLMP will outline specific communication and stakeholder engagement activities, procedures, and protocols for the proposal, as per environmental safeguard NV2 outlined in Section 6.8.5 of the REF.

The community and key stakeholders will be kept informed as the project progresses with regular updates via email, community notifications and website updates. Advanced notice will be provided before starting any construction work.

To receive regular project updates via email, please subscribe to our email distribution list by contacting us at projects@transport.nsw.gov.au.

2.4 Proposed design

2.4.1 Design clarification

Submissions numbers

34, 58, 59, 60

Issue description

- a) More information sought on proposal location and bus entry/exit
- Clarification sought on whether there will be adequate site security during construction and operation and whether this will impact neighbouring security
- b) Request for more detail to understand the drainage and retaining walls interfaces
- c) Confirm no adverse geotechnical effect on the batter slopes/third party road assets, including the M2 and on-ramp bank slopes, arising from the construction of the proposal

Response

The proposal is located at 1A and 1B Talavera Road, Macquarie Park (Figure 1-1). It is situated within the Macquarie Park Precinct, next to the M2 Hills Motorway and close to commercial land plots off Talavera Road and Wicks Road.

Buses will access the depot via Pittwater Road, to the southeast of the site (Figure 1-2). Buses will need to travel along Wicks Road to access Pittwater Road.

Site security will be managed by the design and construct contractor during construction.

In relation to geotechnical effect on the batter slopes/third party road assets, including the M2 and on-ramp bank slopes, arising from the construction of the proposal, this will be considered during detailed design.

Where additional environmental and community impacts may arise as part of detailed design, consultation will be undertaken with effected stakeholders.

2.4.2 General design suggestions/requests

Submissions numbers

14, 19, 35, 45, 49, 55, 60, 64

- a) Consider the incorporation of hydrogen buses alongside electric buses
- b) The design of the development should be high quality and the need for design excellence standards, particularly given that the high visibility of the depot site from the M2 and other key vantage points.
- c) Suggestions for detailed design including canopy cover/roof over the bus parking areas, yard supervisor room, motorcycle parking facilities, duty officer and lost property room, flagpole and small garden.
- d) Consider shade sail over bus parking area to protect drivers from adverse weather
- e) Request for private coach parking at depot to support tourism initiatives
- f) Consider EV charging stations for public use
- g) Consider incorporating the Woven Way, as featured in the 2022 Place Strategy, into the design
- Geotechnical design should consider the potential impacts of construction of the retaining walls on the batters.
- i) Provide footpath continuity to the site from Lane Cove Road by extending the existing granite footpath traversing the frontage of 5 Talavera Road to the development site entrance
- j) Request to provide road pavement reconstruction on Wicks Road and Talavera Road

- k) Request for details of retaining wall on Pittwater Road to be provided where it encroaches into Ryde Council Public Domain. Consideration shall be made to retain existing levels and remove the retaining wall, being a liability for Council ownership.
- Request for existing overhead utility line connections servicing the site on timber poles to be removed and undergrounded. Request for all existing and new utility service connections to the site must be undergrounded.

Response

In relation to the consideration of hydrogen buses alongside BEB, planning for the ZEB Program included further research into technology for both BEB and Hydrogen Fuel Cell Electric Buses (FCEB) which deliver net zero emissions at the tailpipe. For the first stage of the ZEB program in Greater Sydney, BEB were chosen as the most suitable technology available at scale that can support a net zero transition in the immediate term. The Macquarie Park Bus Depot is the first purpose-built bus depot proposed as part of Greater Sydney Stage 1 and is being designed to support 100% BEB fleet.

Considerations included the fact that BEBs have moved from the trialling phase to wide-spread rollouts of substantial fleets whereas hydrogen fuel cell buses remain in the testing phase. Australian Government advice remains that hydrogen fuel supplies at sufficient scale to support transport needs are unlikely to be available before 2030.

This does not rule out future investigation and/or adaption of other or new emerging technologies. Current funding includes an allocation of \$25 million over three years for regional trials in new and emerging technologies, including hydrogen fuel cell electric buses. The regional ZEB trials will provide important information on the performance differences between BEB and Hydrogen FCEB to help guide the type of vehicles that will need to be procured in the future. The trials will also help to understand which technology best suits the challenging aspects of rural operations, including service needs, extreme climates and varied road conditions found in regional areas.

Transport will continue to work closely with bus operators, industry experts and peak bodies to determine the most suitable zero emission technology for each region during future stages of the ZEB Program.

In relation to consideration of EV charging stations for public use, due to operational, security and safety concerns the bus depot will generally not be accessible to the public, therefore, this will not be considered as part of detailed design.

The depot configuration and operation prioritises the depot capacity for public transport buses, therefore provision for private coach parking to support tourism activities will not be considered as part of the proposal.

In relation to the consideration of installing a shade sail over the bus parking area to protect drivers from adverse weather, this won't be considered due to potential fire risk. Heat stress measures, including canopies over the depot walkways, will be considered during detailed design as per environmental safeguard CC2 of the REF.

The concept of "Woven Ways" originates with the Macquarie Park Place Strategy (2022) and is a term used to describe links between key sites in the Macquarie Park precinct. Woven Ways are located outside of the street grid, respond to natural features and support precinct walkability. The Draft Macquarie Park Innovation Precinct Stage 2 Neighbourhoods Urban Design Framework (2024) proposes a woven way along the creek that traverses the proposal site. During the proposal site, the woven way is identified as taking the form of an underground creek connection, consistent with depot operational needs.

Opportunities to incorporate the creek Woven Way through interpretative features will be further investigated during detailed design of the proposal and environmental safeguard GEN6 has been added to address this issue.

In relation to providing road reconstruction on Wicks Road and Talavera Road, the proposal will tie into the existing road network, complete road pavement reconstruction is outside the scope of the proposal.

For clarification, Pittwater Road including the retaining wall will not be within Council domain.

In relation to overhead utility line connections servicing the site, all existing poles and wires outside of the site are not within the scope of the proposal. All new works within the site will be undergrounded.

An additional environmental safeguard GEN6, has been added to Table 5-1 that addresses specific design suggestions/requests.

2.4.3 Electricity/power supply and demand

Submission number(s)

26, 31, 55

Issue description

- a) Concern that the electricity grid cannot support the project and that the power supply will not be able to meet the increasing demand
- b) Concerns around the ability to power the depot from 100 per cent renewable energy
- c) Electric vehicles do not have adequate power supply sources
- d) Business owner to be updated with respect to power provision to the site including conduit locations, total supply, status of the application with Ausgrid, expected timing of connection and substation locations

Response

In relation to concerns about the electricity grid and its capacity to meet increasing demand, the <u>NSW</u> <u>Electricity Strategy</u> (November 2019) is the NSW Government's plan for a reliable, affordable and sustainable electricity future that supports a growing economy. It addresses key challenges associated with the electrical network such as aging traditional generators, congested transmission systems and increasing pressures on households and businesses due to electricity prices.

As part of the proposal, Transport will be procuring a 100% firmed renewable electricity supply to power the remainder of the depot not powered by the depot solar photovoltaic (PV) system, as outlined in Section 3.1.7 of the REF. The depot (including depot buildings) shall utilise energy efficient fixtures and fittings and passive design measures to reduce total energy demand.

Transport is working closely with Ausgrid to secure the required power supply requirements for the depot. Supply, location and status of the power supply application and electrical infrastructure is subject to detailed design and consultation with Ausgrid. Specific details on location of conduits, total supply and status of applications are not planned to be released publicly. Should there be concerns regarding electrical assets during construction, please contact Transport's Project Infoline on 1800 684 490 or projects@transport.nsw.gov.au.

2.4.4 Renewable energy generation

Submission number(s)

4, 41, 45, 61, 62

Issue description

- a) Suggestion for inclusion of solar panels, including over the bus stacking area
- b) Consider using paved area as a solar charging system
- c) Suggestion for inclusion of battery energy storage

Response

A solar PV system is proposed for the maintenance workshop building, as outlined in Section 3.1.7 of the REF. Additional locations for solar PV systems and inclusion of a BESS may be investigated as part of detailed design to meet the existing sustainability and greenhouse gas emissions environmental safeguards.

2.5 Traffic, transport and access

2.5.1 Impact on local road network

Submissions numbers

2, 6, 7, 13, 16, 18, 23, 24, 30, 31, 32, 46, 50, 52, 57, 58, 59, 64

Issue description

- a) Concern regarding increased traffic on the local road network, including deployment of buses during peak traffic times on already congested Lane Cove Road, Talavera Road and Waterloo Road
- b) Cumulative development/construction in area increasing traffic congestion
- c) Traffic impact on residents
- d) Concerns around existing traffic and intersection performance and traffic assessment/modelling of key intersections, including Wicks Road and Epping Road
- e) The background traffic growth data used for modelling may not accurately reflect future growth given the high degree of uncertainty regarding future development in the precinct as the DPHI continues to develop plans for the precinct. Traffic generation may be significantly higher by 2031 than any current model could reasonably plan for.
- f) Traffic impacts should address future developments
- g) No consideration in the traffic study to existing construction activity within Macquarie Park, in particular the use of the Porters Creek site off Wicks Road for the Warringah Freeway upgrade
- h) Concerns around certain aspects of the TTA. Should access from Wicks Road be pursued, consideration to be given to updating the TTA to:
 - better assess the impacts of the proposed bus depot on the operation of the surrounding road network
 - consider bus priority treatments on Waterloo Road to the east of Lane Cove Road and on Wicks Road to the north of Epping Road
 - consider potential upgrades at the intersections of Epping Road/Wicks Road, Waterloo Road/Wicks Road/Halifax St to ensure that the longest vehicle (19 metre long articulated bus) can be safely accommodated.

Response

The concerns around existing traffic issues are acknowledged, however the traffic assessment undertaken shows that the performance of intersections would not be changed by the proposal.

Intersection performance was modelled to assess the construction-related traffic impact for the Waterloo Road / Halifax Road / Wicks Road intersection as the increase is large enough to have a measurable impact. The increase at the Lane Cove Road/Talavera Road, Lane Cove Road/Waterloo Road and Wicks Road/Epping Road was assessed and is considered minimal and therefore would have minimal impacts to delays and intersection performance. The proposed new bus depot would therefore not change the level of service (LOS) at AM/PM peak time. The LOS and congestion hotspots would remain the same. Where appropriate, the TTA will be further refined during detailed design.

Consideration has been given to the impact of construction traffic from both the bus depot and the Warringah Freeway Upgrade (WFU) Wicks Rd construction support site (160 Wicks Road Macquarie Park) on the Wicks Rd / Waterloo Road/ Halifax Road intersection, using the peak hour volumes stated in the Traffic Impact Assessment for the WFU Wicks Road support site. The WFU construction trips (16 trips in the AM peak and 162 trips in the PM peak) are forecast to have a marginal impact on the Wicks Road / Waterloo Road/ Halifax Road intersection performance with no intersection upgrades warranted. With the addition of six heavy vehicles in and out during the AM and PM peak under this proposal, it is not expected to impact the LOS at the intersection.

It is acknowledged that there is a high degree of uncertainty around future development in the precinct, which may impact future traffic generation growth. Transport have provided the NSW DPHI with information on the proposed ZEB Macquarie Park Bus Depot to consider during the preparation of the Macquarie Park Innovation Precinct Stage 2 Rezoning Proposal.

A road safety audit will be undertaken during detailed design for the proposed depot. This will include an assessment to test potential mitigation options for the Halifax Street /Wicks Road intersection. Transport will determine if works are required following the audit and undertake relevant approvals.

2.5.2 Site access

Submissions numbers

19, 55, 56, 57, 58, 64

Issue description

- a) Consider larger entrance to the depot via Talavera Road rather than Pittwater Road.
- b) Consider the addition of a driveway from Pittwater Road up to the eastern boundary of 1 Talavera Rd to improve the access from Wicks Road, which could be used by occupants of 1 Talavera Road. This will take strain off the Talavera Rd entry and enable access for those entering from the east.
- Suggestion that cars should enter/exit from Pittwater Road to avoid already congested Talavera Rd/Lane Cove Rd intersection.
- d) Heavy vehicle access should be relocated from Pittwater Road to Talavera Road so large rigid and articulated buses will access the depot through a light industrial cul-de-sac that has direct access to a state road and will interface less with future residential or recreational spaces associated with the development of Wicks Road.
- e) All vehicles (e.g., buses, cars, etc.) including construction vehicles should access the site via a larger entrance to the depot at Talavera Road (i.e., no access via Wicks Road), as it is more suited to accommodate the longest vehicles travelling to/from the site, resulting in less civil work and associated cost savings.
- f) Regarding vehicle access, the proposal should be accompanied by a vehicle swept path analysis demonstrating the viability of vehicle manoeuvring throughout the area.
- g) Should any amendment to access be proposed during detailed design, the Traffic and Transport Assessment should be updated.

Response

Feedback received during the community information sessions supported the proposed different access points for light and heavy vehicles.

The proposed approach to separate light vehicle access from heavy vehicle access, was based on several factors including the depot design, layout and safety concerns. Light vehicle access via Talavera Road provides a direct and safe entryway for staff and visitors accessing the administration building which would be located on the northern end of the depot near Talavera Road. It reduces the potential and avoidable risks associated with staff having to travel through an active depot via Pittwater Road. Heavy vehicle access may occur via Talavera Road during emergency situations or on the occasion due to operation matters.

Vehicle swept path analysis was undertaken during the development of the concept design, which informed the design and layout of the depot.

Access to the site, including dimensions of entrances, will be further investigated during detailed design. Where any amendments to access are proposed during detailed design, the TTA will be refined where appropriate.

2.5.3 Active transport

Submission number(s)

6, 10, 11, 22, 30, 40, 43, 51, 64

Issue description

- a) Concerns around removal of bike path connection between M2 Hills Motorway and Talavera Road resulting in reduced capacity for active transport
- b) Request to preserve/retain/reinstate the bike path as a critical highly convenient link in the bike path network, connecting to the Macquarie Park employment area
- c) Pedestrian and bicycle access should be provided from both Pittwater Road and Talavera Road
- d) Concerns around the 90% private vehicle mode-share, particularly given that the Macquarie Park Metro Station is located around 400 metres from the proposed site. Car parking supply should be reduced in line with the objectives of the City of Ryde Macquarie Park Corridor DCP.

Response

Since drafting the REF, Transport conducted a survey of existing bike path usage to meet the requirements set out in environmental safeguard SE1. The results across the seven-day period showed that there was approximately one bike user per day.

Following consideration of the feedback received around the existing bike path, Transport is looking into options to retain or relocate the existing bike path connecting the M2 and Talavera Road as part of detailed design. An additional safeguard (TT11) has been included in Table 5-1 to ensure that opportunities to retain or re-align the bike path connection will be further investigated during detailed design. Given the survey has since been completed and the addition of environmental safeguard TT1, SE1 will be removed.

Pedestrian and bicycle access from Talavera Road to the proposed depot will be considered during detailed design.

For safety reasons, access for pedestrians and bicycles will remain separate from the access for buses.

In relation to car parking supply, private vehicle parking numbers have been designed to support the proposed split shifts at the depot during operations. The number and allocation of vehicle (car and motorcycle) spaces will be further explored during detailed design and in consultation with the bus operator.

2.6 Safety

2.6.1 Fire hazard

Submission number(s)

1, 17, 26, 38, 49, 56, 57, 58, 59

Issue description

- a) Concerns around safety/fire hazard of lithium-ion batteries in electric vehicles
- b) Lack of detail of how fire will be contained on the site to protect neighbouring businesses from fire hazard
- c) Concern around increased difficulty obtaining insurance and increased insurance premiums for neighbouring businesses due to being considered a higher risk to insurers due to fire hazard risk

Response

Transport is working closely with industry, bus operators and fire safety experts, including Fire and Rescue NSW and Office of Transport Safety Investigations, to identify any fire safety risks and mitigations that can be applied to improve safety.

The batteries onboard NSW's electric buses are all sealed, Ingress Protection rated and monitored with dedicated battery management software to provide early detection of potential safety issues. If a battery were to trigger the software safety system, the battery would be isolated prior to any potentially dangerous event. Therefore, there is a very low risk of a fire.

There have not been any battery-related fires on an electric bus in operation or storage in NSW to date. In the event of a bus fire during passenger service, Fire and Rescue NSW, in coordination with Transport, would

manage this. This would be the same with diesel compressed natural gas buses. All Transport's contracted buses are fitted with fire suppression systems and monitoring equipment.

Fire and Rescue NSW have specific requirements for battery electric vehicles and their charging infrastructure that will be integrated during the detailed design, in consultation with Fire and Rescue NSW.

A Fire Life Safety Report would be undertaken in conjunction with Fire and Rescue NSW during the detailed design phase and battery storage options would also be investigated.

In relation to concerns around obtaining insurance and increased premiums, the feedback is noted, however is outside the scope of this proposal.

2.6.2 Electric vehicle audibility

Submission number

17

Issue description

a) Battery electric buses may not be heard approaching by other traffic users.

Response

The BEB will be fitted with an acoustic vehicle alert system (AVAS), which generates sound for nearly silent electric vehicles to improve the safety of vulnerable road users, such as pedestrians, cyclists, and children. Minimum and maximum sound power levels will be adopted from United Nations (UN) Regulation No. 138 Uniform provisions concerning the approval of Quiet Road Transport Vehicles with regard to their reduced audibility.

Australian Design Rule will require all new electric, hybrid and hydrogen fuel cell cars, trucks, and buses to be fitted with an AVAS from November 2025.

AVAS will make these vehicles easier to hear by emitting sound when the vehicle is travelling at low speeds. It is not necessary for an AVAS to be activated at higher speeds as there are other noise sources, such as tyre noise, which make electric buses readily audible at higher speeds.

2.7 Landscape character and visual

Submission number(s)

49, 50, 52, 55, 56, 57, 58, 64

- a) Insufficient detail provided around the proposed landscape plan and visual impact study
- b) Concerns around the visual impact for neighbouring businesses, including 1 and 3 Talavera Road during construction and operation, as well as visibility of the depot from the M2 Hills Motorway and other key vantage points
- Insufficient detail as to the landscaping arrangement to minimise the visual impact from businesses and other surrounding properties
- Request to minimise perimeter retaining walls and their appearance softened with setback and screening landscaping, preferably deep soil
- e) Clarification on whether the depot will be cleaned regularly and well presented to minimise visual impact from overlooking premises
- f) Proposal will destroy existing greenspace
- g) Suggestion that proposed plans should provide more than just offsetting the loss of trees to improve the aesthetics of the site and help filter views

h) Concern that payment into the Transport Conservation Fund, where tree replacement cannot be accommodated locally, is of no value to City of Ryde.

Response

A landscape character and visual impact assessment was completed for the proposal to assess the potential impacts on the existing landscape character and views in the area surrounding the proposal. The assessment is included in Section 6.6 of the REF.

The visual impact assessment selected several publicly accessible, representative viewpoints in the area to ascertain potential visual impacts, including a view from the neighbouring 3 Talavera Road which would have a comparable outlook to 1 Talavera Road, and the M2 Hills Motorway. The assessment identified mitigation and management measures for minimising visual impacts including those on adjoining properties. These will be further addressed during the detailed design phase. The depot will be regularly cleaned and be well presented to minimise visual impact of the operational depot.

In terms of landscaping, the proposed concept design includes garden beds and landscaping within the rooftop recreational area of the administration building. As detailed in Section 6.6.4 of the REF, the Urban Design and Landscape Plan for the proposal will be further developed as part of detailed design, to ensure it fits with surrounding areas and makes a positive contribution to the place, consistent with Transport's urban design policies. Detailed design would investigate and refine opportunities for additional landscaping where possible including at interfaces with adjoining properties, such as retaining walls, as well as opportunities at depot entrances. The proposal location is not accessible to the public and is therefore not considered a greenspace.

Tree and vegetation removal is required to facilitate construction of the proposal. A Tree and Hollow Replacement Plan, which prioritises local plantings, will be developed during the detailed design and construction phases. Replacement planting will be included within the depot site as much as possible. All replacement planting will be undertaken in accordance with Transport's *Tree and hollow replacement guidelines EMF-BD-GD-0129* (Transport for NSW, 2023).

2.8 Lighting

Submission number(s)

49, 50, 58, 64

Issue description

- a) On-site lighting is not clearly defined
- b) Concern around site lighting at night and higher lux lighting causing disturbance/nuisance to residents.
- c) Request for lighting specifications and intensity
- d) Street lighting to be upgraded to comply with relevant standards on Talavera Road traversing the site entrance and on the northern side of Wicks Road.

Response

Lighting design would comply with Australian/New Zealand Standard (AS/NZS) 1158 Lighting for roads and public spaces (Standards Australia/New Zealand, 2022) and AS 4282-1997 Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting, (Standards Australia, 1997), as set out in environmental safeguard and management measure LVA5 in Section 6.6.4 of the REF.

Lighting would be further developed during detailed design and include opportunities such as LED and shield guards directing lighting to required areas.

2.9 Noise and vibration

Submission number(s)

6, 30, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60

Issue description

- Concern expressed around the duration of noise disturbance to occupants/businesses at 1 Talavera Road during construction
- b) Concerns around disturbance to the peace of nearby cemetery
- c) Concern around operation of depot 24 hours a day, 7 days a week impacting on neighbours' quiet enjoyment rights. Requested detail around noise controls and whether buses will have reverse alarms
- d) Operational noise to be minimised by all means necessary and assessed against the residential criteria (as opposed to the commercial criteria included in the REF) noting the adjoining property was earmarked in the 2022 Place Strategy by DPHI for residential rezoning and this zoning is underway as part of the Stage 2 rezoning
- e) Confirmation sought that the vibration arising from construction works/operations does not adversely affect the stability of the southern bank of the motorway

Response

The noise and vibration assessment undertaken for the REF identified noise sensitive receivers in proximity to the works which included residential receivers, hotels and commercial and industrial premises. The assessment of noise impacts from construction work associated with the proposal was undertaken in accordance with the assessment and management approach outlined in the *Interim Construction Noise Guidelines* (ICNG) (Department of Environment and Climate Change NSW, 2009). Construction noise impacts are discussed in Section 6.8 of the REF. Management and mitigation measures identified in Section 6.8.5 of the REF will be followed to reduce noise impacts on the nearby commercial land use.

Most work would be undertaken during standard construction hours, however some out of hours work (OOHW) would be required for the construction of the driveway for 1 Talavera Road. Any OOHW required would be subject to assessment and consideration in accordance with Transport's *Construction Noise and Vibration Guideline – Public Transport Infrastructure* (Transport for NSW, 2023). Consideration would be given to minimising impacts to owners and tenants occupying the neighbouring premises.

A Noise and Vibration Management Plan (NVMP) will be prepared and implemented as part of the Construction Environmental Management Plan (CEMP), which will detail all potential significant noise and vibration generating activities associated with construction activities, feasible and reasonable mitigation measures to be implemented to avoid and minimise noise impacts, and a monitoring program to assess performance against relevant noise and vibration criteria.

Community notifications would be issued in advance detailing the type of work being carried out, the equipment that will be used, possible impacts as well as appropriate mitigation measures.

Noise emissions from the operation of the depot are not anticipated to generate annoying characteristics, such as tonal noise, low frequency noise, or intermittent noise. Maximum noise levels have been predicted for the night-time period during operation of the depot. Sleep disturbance noise impacts are unlikely to be a concern for the proposal as compliance with maximum noise levels is achieved at all sensitive receiver locations.

The existing ambient background level is controlled by the traffic noise associated with the M2 Hills Motorway, which separates the proposal from the Macquarie Park Cemetery and Crematorium. The proposal is not anticipated to disturb the peace of the cemetery during construction or operation.

The draft Macquarie Park Stage 2 – Transport Oriented Development (TOD) rezoning proposal has been exhibited. The rezoning proposal builds on the vision of the Macquarie Park Place Strategy and Macquarie Park Stage 1 rezoning. However, the adjoining property is proposed to remain as commercial industrial/E3 productivity support and has not been rezoned to support residential development.

In relation to vibration arising from construction works, detailed design would consider assessment of bank stability, by a suitably qualified personnel, and incorporate the relevant management measures and monitoring requirements.

2.10 Air quality

Submission number(s)

58

Issue description

a) Clarification around arrangements to manage dust and dirt

Response

Construction impacts relating to air quality are discussed in Section 6.9 of the REF. Dust generated from construction activities may cause impacts to air quality when located close to business activities. Levels of airborne dust would be expected to be low and unlikely to cause concern to nearby sensitive receivers.

Through the implementation of safeguards and management measures provided in Section 6.9.5 of the REF, the mobilisation of dust associated with the proposal is expected to be confined within the area of the immediate work and would be short-term and minor.

2.11 Hydrology and flooding

2.11.1 Hydrology

Submission number(s)

55, 56, 57, 60, 64

- a) Limited details provided on impact to the creek system and riparian zone
- b) Clarify whether the capacity of the culverts been set on the basis of the calculated loss in retention and the additional surface flooding
- c) Concerns around change in flows, including additional flow directed to channels at edge of the M2 Hills Motorway/Lane Cove Road On Ramp
- d) Consider effect of free flow and scour on the M2 Hills Motorway asset if the drain channel at the edge of the site overflows
- e) Concern that vegetated banks for the Lane Cove Road On Ramp and M2 Hills Motorway and may be vulnerable to scour due to the new design
- f) Clarify if the channel and/or culvert capacity is reached, whether this affects the nature of any flooding through the Transurban road culvert, or impact the Transurban headwall
- g) Consideration of scour/erosion to the M2 Hills Motorway culvert if the flow into the culvert is drastically altered due to the works
- h) Water flows on the site to be considered during detail design and managed to eliminate flooding impacts on M2 leased area
- i) Civil plans to be prepared to reflect detailed demonstration of the exact area where vegetation will be removed and replaced with impervious surfaces
- j) Stormwater management to ensure no impacts on upstream properties
- k) Stormwater management plan to be prepared clearly demonstrating the proposed drainage method for the site, the location and details/size of the drainage infrastructure, including on-site stormwater detention (OSD)/rainwater tanks, and details of the proposed connection to Council drainage infrastructure.
- l) Requirement to implement water sensitive urban design (WSUD) components
- m) New drainage infrastructure to be designed in accordance with City of Ryde Council's DCP Part 8.2 Stormwater and Floodplain Management Technical Manual.

Response

The impact of the proposal on the creek/stormwater drainage channel was assessed in Section 6.3 of the REF. In terms of minimising water quality impacts, a water treatment unit has been incorporated as part of the concept design to achieve the required water quality outcomes. The design of the unit will be developed further during detailed design.

The various comments in submissions pertaining to hydrology, including concerns, clarifications and requests have been noted and will be considered during the detailed design stage, which is planned to commence in early 2025. Detailed design will be prepared in accordance with the relevant Australian Standards, Transport Standards and Council requirements where relevant.

Stormwater will be managed through WSUD components, as detailed in the urban design principles in Section 2.3.3 of the REF. Further consideration will be given to WSUD during detailed design.

2.11.2 Flooding

Submission number(s)

63,64

- a) Consult with the NSW Department of Climate Change, Energy, the Environment and Water (DCCEEW) regarding the impacts of the development on flood behaviour, particularly in relation to the substantial amounts of fill within the flood extent causing onsite and offsite impacts
- Request for further flood information including velocity, hydraulic hazard, time to overtopping and duration of inundation for the site and access/egress roads, including climate change impacts, for floods up to and including the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF)
- Request that any updated modelling includes a scale that provides more detail on depth beyond 2m depth, in order to better understand the flood risks
- d) Consider site and building design that would avoid entry or exit through high hazard areas
- e) Consider raising any power outlets and storing electrical equipment above the PMF level, where possible, to reduce the risk to life and property.
- f) Ensure that access to the basement and all basement openings (ramp, vents, etc.) are situated above the PMF, or reconsidering basement carparking if this is not feasible, to reduce risk to life and property
- g) Consider flood resilience of access/egress routes up to the 1:500 year local flooding, where feasible and there are no adverse impacts on adjacent areas, as it is noted that upgrades to Pittwater Road are part of the scope of this project. This standard has been adopted for the Hawkesbury-Nepean Valley evacuation routes.
- h) Pursue site design and stormwater management that reduces the impact of flooding and minimises any risk to the community. Any improvements that can be made to reduce flood risk will benefit the community.
- i) Ensure staff, visitors and workers using the site during and after construction are made aware of the flood risk, for example through site inductions, by using signage and other flood information tools
- j) Ensure that buildings are as safe as possible to occupy during flood events buildings must be designed for potential flood and debris loadings of the PMF so that structural failure is avoided during a flood, especially considering the flash flooding nature at the site
- k) Consider closing the worksite and securing all materials and equipment prior to the start of the working day if there is a risk of flooding, on receipt of advice from the Bureau of Meteorology (BoM), or when other evidence leads to an expectation of flooding. Considering the flash flooding nature of the site, a Severe Weather Warning may be the most appropriate trigger for closing the worksite, therefore we recommend checking the BoM website prior to start of the workday for any warnings.
- Flood study report to be prepared and identify if the proposed works are taking place in the high flood affected area
- m) A HEC-RAS / TUFLOW 2D computer model file analysing pre and post development situations to confirm that the proposal does not have adverse impact on the flood conditions of adjacent properties or

downstream catchment. Electronic copies of the hydraulic model, clearly identifying each modelled scenario, shall be submitted to Council, including files compatible with QGIS software.

- n) Flood analysis to account for blockage of stormwater drainage system
- Implement an onsite detention system to mimic existing levels of runoff within the site, to avoid exacerbating downstream flood conditions
- Develop an appropriate emergency plan to assist in being prepared for, responding to and recovering from flooding

Response

The various comments in submissions in relation to flood risk and impacts have been noted. Feedback received will be considered as part of the flood impact assessment to be undertaken during detailed design. Transport will share the final flood modelling with Council.

Where appropriate and feasible, all site infrastructure will be raised outside the PMF level, to reduce risk to life and property.

An appropriate emergency plan to assist in being prepared for, responding to and recovering from flooding will also be prepared for the proposal. An additional safeguard (HF7) has been included to address this concern. Further details are contained in Table 5-1.

2.12 Soils and contamination

Submission number(s)

56, 57, 60, 64

Issue description

 a) Concerns around the discharge of contaminants/pollutants into the existing creek/stormwater drainage channel, riparian zone and adjacent land

Response

Section 6.3 of the REF assessed the potential for contamination/pollution of the stormwater drainage line which runs through the site. Contamination of soils, surface water and groundwater will be managed with the implementation of the safeguards and management measures outlined in Section 6.3.4 of the REF.

During operation, surface water will be captured and treated on-site before being discharged, to ensure the water quality outcomes for the on-site stormwater receiving watercourses are achieved.

A construction Soil and Water Management Plan (SWMP) will be prepared for the proposal identifying all reasonably foreseeable risks relating to soil erosion and water pollution and outline how these risks will be addressed during construction.

2.13 Climate risk and greenhouse gas emissions

Submission number(s)

26

- a) Query around the definition of net zero
- b) Electric buses do not reduce carbon emissions
- c) Concerns around embodied carbon during manufacturing process of buses

Response

The definition of Net Zero or Net Zero Emissions from Transport's Net Zero and Climate Change Policy is "Net zero greenhouse gas emissions are achieved when anthropogenic emissions of greenhouse gases to the atmosphere are balanced by anthropogenic removals over a specified period". Zero Emission Buses are defined by Transport as electric or hydrogen buses, that are powered by renewable energy sources and do not emit tailpipe carbon emissions into the atmosphere.

To meet the NSW Government's commitment to achieving net zero emissions by 2050, Transport is delivering the ZEB program to transition the state's diesel and gas public transport buses to zero emissions technology. This aligns with Transport's Net Zero and Climate Change Policy and the NSW Government's Electric Vehicle Strategy. The ZEB Greater Sydney Stage 1 program will deliver BEB, where future stages may look at alternatives such as hydrogen buses.

Bus procurement is outside of scope for the proposal. Transport is requesting bus fleet suppliers provide third party certified Environmental Product Declarations that outline whole of life cycle environmental and embodied emissions impacts associated with the manufacturing and disposal of buses and components.

For further information on NSW Government's net zero commitments please refer to https://www.energy.nsw.gov.au/nsw-plans-and-progress/government-strategies-and-frameworks/reaching-net-zero-emissions/net-zero.

Additional measures will be explored during detailed design to further reduce Transport's carbon footprint during construction and operations.

2.14 Impact on businesses

Submission number(s)

54, 56, 57

Issue description

- a) Concern around the disruptions and difficulty to access the car park at 299 Lane Cove Road
- b) Concern around workers trying to use parking at premises at 299 Lane Cove Road
- c) Concerns around impact of project's design and operation to 1 Talavera Road businesses
- d) 24 hour operation of the depot would stifle any future residential development opportunities for the area
- e) More consideration around the impact the proposal will have on adjoining properties and their occupiers.

Response

As set out in Section 3.3.7 of the REF, during all stages of construction, access to residential properties and businesses would be maintained. Where temporary changes to access arrangements may be necessary to accommodate work at 1 Talavera Road, prior to any changes in access, consultation will be undertaken with tenants of 1 Talavera Road. This requirement is specified in environmental safeguard SE2.

The use of off-site compounds with parking facilities during construction will be investigated as part of detailed design. Street parking would be avoided where possible and workers would be encouraged to access site via public transport. During operation, an underground car park would be provided for all workers, which reduces the risk of parking elsewhere in the vicinity. During construction and operation, staff will be encouraged to utilise public transport.

Transport has prepared a REF to assess potential environment and community impacts associated with the proposal. The REF has examined, and taken into account to the fullest extent possible, all environmental matters affecting or likely to be affected by the proposal, including noise and vibration, visual amenity, and socio-economic impacts of the proposal on adjoining properties.

Concerns around stifling residential development in the vicinity of the proposal are noted. It is recognised that housing is a key priority for the NSW Government due to a shortage of diverse and affordable homes in well-located areas, and that Macquarie Park has been identified as a priority high growth area. Transport have provided the NSW DPHI with information on the proposed ZEB Macquarie Park Bus Depot to consider during the preparation of the Macquarie Park Innovation Precinct Stage 2 Rezoning Proposal, particularly regarding future residential zones in the vicinity of the proposed depot.

2.15 Bus services

Submission number(s)

19, 20, 36, 37, 44

Issue description

- a) Request for Government to operate buses
- b) Concern around already reduced bus services in Macquarie Park area. Bus depot to service other suburbs.
- c) Request for extended bus timetables and more reliable bus services
- d) Request for School Bus service
- e) Request for additional bus service routes near depot

Response

Bus services issues and requests are outside of the scope of the proposal.

Transport administers 10 bus regions across Greater Sydney, each contracted to a private operator. Transport does not itself operate any bus services in Sydney.

The NSW Government established the NSW Bus Industry Taskforce to consider the quality and reliability of bus services across the State, and the effectiveness of the current networks in meeting the range of community needs. The Taskforce has engaged directly with bus operators, industry experts, the workforce, and community representatives to determine how to deliver more efficient and reliable services. The Bus Industry Taskforce's final report has recently been released and is available via the Taskforce's website.

The new ZEB depot at Macquarie Park would provide operational benefits for the Northwest public transport bus region including supporting bus services provided by both Willoughby and Ryde bus depots. In addition, the new ZEB Macquarie Park depot will support Transport's Zero Emission Buses Program which aims to convert all Greater Sydney buses to zero emission technology by 2035.

2.16 Other issues

Submission number(s)

19, 26, 56, 57, 64

Issue description

- a) Submission identifies components the REF should address
- b) Level of detail in REF is insufficient to properly evaluate proposal.
- c) High impact on the environment
- d) Request for comprehensive training for depot staff
- e) Request for a concept utility connection plan inclusive of the electricity, gas, water and communications feed
- f) Council requests a preliminary electricity grid supply statement/study demonstrating the necessary infrastructure upgrades and path of electrical supply to the site
- g) Verify ownership and right of use Pittwater Road. Where Pittwater Road will be accessible to public, compliant street lighting, new road pavement, new kerb and gutter must be provided.
- h) Request for additional details, documents and reports to Council

Response

The proposal has been subject to assessment under Division 5.1 of the EP&A Act. Transport has prepared a REF to assess potential environment and community impacts associated with the proposal. The REF has

examined, and taken into account to the fullest extent possible, all environmental matters affecting or likely to be affected by the proposal. The REF therefore fulfils Transport's obligation under Section 5.5 of the EP&A Act.

The proposal would result in some adverse impacts to the environment, road users and the community, however, would also result in overall reductions in operational greenhouse gas emissions and air pollution, which would in turn provide public health and amenity benefits.

Most of the environmental impacts identified in the REF would occur during construction of the proposal and would be temporary. The REF identifies comprehensive environmental management measures to avoid, manage, mitigate, and offset adverse impacts on the environment during construction and operation of the proposal. These include best practice environmental planning, management techniques and urban design. With effective implementation of the environmental management measures, most impacts would be minor or negligible.

Appropriate training will be provided for depot staff.

Feedback around utilities connections is noted and will be investigated as part of detailed design. The design and construct contractor will request and comply with the relevant utility authorities through the detailed design and construction phase, with Transport's oversight. Specific details on utility connection plans won't be released publicly. Should there be concerns regarding utility assets during construction, please contact Transport's Project Infoline on 1800 684 490 or projects@transport.nsw.gov.au.

Transport has an application with Ausgrid and is preparing a concept design for the required power upgrades. Council will be consulted for any utility works within the Council public domain area.

Transport is the owner of Pittwater Road. Pittwater Road is leased to Transurban to maintain the M2. Pittwater Road is not planned to be a public road. The pavement type will be finalised in detailed design.

In relation to the request for additional details, Transport has prepared a REF to assess potential environment and community impacts associated with the proposal. Transport will continue to assess the potential impacts associated with the proposal throughout detailed design.

2.17 Support for proposal or proposal aspects

Submission number(s)

3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 18, 19, 21, 22, 23, 27, 28, 29, 33, 39, 40, 42, 47, 61, 62

Description

- a) General support for the proposal
- b) General support for transport improvements
- c) Support for central location for public transport
- d) Support for sustainable transport option
- e) Support for government aiming for zero emissions
- f) Increased reliability and capacity of bus services
- g) Environmental benefits, including improved public health
- h) Enhance the sustainability of transportation infrastructure
- i) Support for battery electric buses replacing traditional internal combustion engines
- j) Improved connectivity
- k) Supporting new jobs
- l) Using green energy
- m) Less environmental impact reduced noise and improved air quality

Response

Support for the proposal or aspects of the proposal are noted.

3. Changes to the proposal

After consideration of the issues raised in the public submissions, no changes to the proposal, such as amended designs or concept plan figures, are proposed.

However, in response to feedback provided in the submissions, several new safeguards and management measures have been included, and feedback will be considered as part of detailed design. Further details are provided in Section 5.2.

4. Environmental assessment

As there are no proposed changes to the proposal, no further additional environmental studies or additional environmental impact assessment is required.

5. Environmental management

The REF for the ZEB Macquarie Park Bus Depot identified the framework for environmental management, including safeguards and management measures that would be adopted to avoid or reduce environmental impacts (Section 7.2 of the REF).

After consideration of the issues raised in the public submissions, additional safeguard and management measures have been included.

Should the proposal proceed, environmental management will be guided by the framework and measures outlined below.

5.1 Environmental management plan

A number of safeguards and management measures have been identified to minimise adverse environmental impacts, including social impacts, which could potentially arise as a result of the proposal. Should the proposal proceed, these management measures would be incorporated into the detailed design and applied during the construction and operation of the proposal.

A Construction Environmental Management Plan (CEMP) will be prepared to describe safeguards and management measures identified. The CEMP will provide a framework for establishing how these measures will be implemented and who would be responsible for their implementation.

The CEMP will be prepared prior to construction of the proposal and must be reviewed and certified by Transport environment staff, prior to the commencement of any on-site works. The CEMP will be a working document, subject to ongoing change and updated as necessary to respond to specific requirements. The CEMP would be developed in accordance with the *Environmental Management Guideline for Infrastructure Projects* (NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment, 2020).

5.2 Summary of safeguards and management measures

The REF for the proposal identified a range of environmental outcomes and management measures that would be required to avoid or reduce the environmental impacts.

After consideration of the issues raised in the public submissions, additional environmental management measures for the proposal (refer to Section 7.2 of the REF) have been included. Should the proposal proceed, the environmental management measures in Table 5-1 will guide the subsequent phases of the proposal.

As a result of consultation, additional and amended environmental safeguards and management measures to those presented in the REF (GEN6, HF7, TT11 and SE1) have been included in Table 5-1.

Environmental safeguards B7, LVA2, LVA3 and NV4, have been amended from those presented in the REF. Environmental safeguard B7 was amended to better align with Transport's Biodiversity Management Guideline, LVA2 was amended to correct a wording error, LVA3 was updated to better reflect current site conditions and NV4 was amended to fix an error with timing.

Table 5-1: Summary of environmental safeguards and management measures

No.	Impact	Environmental safeguards	Responsibility	Timing	Reference
GEN1	General – minimise environmental impacts during construction	A CEMP will be prepared and submitted for review and endorsement of Transport's Senior Manager Environment and Sustainability prior to commencement of the activity. As a minimum, the CEMP will address the following:	Contractor	Detailed design/ Pre-construction	Site specific safeguard
		any requirements associated with statutory approvals			
		 details of how the project will implement the identified safeguards outlined in the REF 			
		issue-specific environmental management plans			
		 roles and responsibilities 			
		communication requirements			
		 induction and training requirements 			
		 procedures for monitoring and evaluating environmental performance, and for corrective action 			
		reporting requirements and record-keeping			
		procedures for emergency and incident management			
		 procedures for audit and review. 			
		The endorsed CEMP will be implemented during the undertaking of the activity.			
GEN2	General – environmental awareness	All personnel working on site will receive training to ensure awareness of environment protection requirements to be implemented during the project. This will include up-front site induction and regular "toolbox" style briefings. Site-specific training will be provided to personnel engaged in activities or areas of higher risk.	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard
GEN3	General – environmental compliance	A Construction Environmental Compliance Report (CECR) for the Project shall be prepared which addresses the following matters: a) compliance with the CEMP and the Submissions Report safeguards b) compliance with any approvals or licences issued by relevant	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard
		authorities for the construction of the Project c) implementation and effectiveness of environmental controls (the assessment of effectiveness should be based on a comparison of actual impacts against performance criteria identified in the CEMP)			

No.	Impact	Environmental safeguards	Responsibility	Timing	Reference
		d) environmental monitoring results, presented as a results summary and analysis e) number and details of any complaints, including summary of main areas of complaint, actions taken, responses given and intended strategies to reduce recurring complaints (subject to privacy protection) f) details of any review and amendments to the CEMP resulting from construction during the reporting period g) any other matter as requested by Transport. The CECR shall be submitted to Transport for review and approval. The first CECR shall report on the first three months of construction and be submitted within four weeks of expiry of that period (or at any other time interval agreed to by Transport). CECRs shall be submitted no later than six months after the date of submission of the preceding CECR (or at other such periods as requested by the Transport) for the duration of construction. The final CECR shall detail compliance with all safeguards, licences and permits required to be obtained under any other legislation for the Project.			
GEN4	General - minimise environmental impacts during construction	An environmental control map (ECM) will be prepared in accordance with Transport's environmental control map guideline EMF-EM-GD-0148 and submitted to Transport for review and approval prior to works commencing. The ECM will be regularly updated throughout construction to reflect changing site conditions and submitted to Transport for acceptance.	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard
GEN5	General – Project modifications	Any modification to the Project will be subject to further environmental assessment. The assessment will be subject to approval under delegated authority under Transport. The contractor will comply with any additional requirements from the assessment.	Contractor	Pre-construction/ Construction	Site specific safeguard
GEN6	General - Site specific components	The following site specific components would be investigated as part of the detailed design phase: a) re-allocation of proposed car spaces to motorcycle parking and the provision of suitably sized lockers for motorcycle riding gear b) flagpole and small garden c) duty officer and lost property room located in an area that considers public access d) footpath continuity to the depot from Lane Cove Road	Contractor	<u>Detailed design</u>	Site specific safeguard

No.	Impact	Environmental safeguards	Responsibility	Timing	Reference
		e) opportunities to incorporate the creek Woven Way through interpretative features.			
B1	Removal of Native Vegetation and Threatened Fauna Habitat	Native vegetation removal and threatened fauna habitat removal will be minimised through detailed design, where feasible.	Contractor	Detailed design	Transport's Biodiversity Management Guideline (Transport for NSW, 2024).
B2	Removal of Native Vegetation and Protection of Retained Vegetation	Vegetation clearance limits will be identified both on site maps/plans and on-site through the erection of temporary exclusion fencing, bunting or similar in accordance with Guide 2: Exclusion Zones in Transport's Biodiversity Management Guideline (Transport for NSW, 2024). Exclusion zones will be set up at the limit of clearing in accordance with Guide 2: Exclusion zones of Transport's Biodiversity Management Guideline (Transport for NSW, 2024).	Contractor	Pre-construction/ Construction	Site specific safeguard
		Fencing etc. will be established at the outer limits of the drip line of any retained trees and the areas marked as 'no-go zones' to avoid direct impact.			
В3	Removal of Vegetation	Pre-clearing surveys will be undertaken in accordance with Guide 1: Pre-clearing process in Transport's Biodiversity Management Guideline (Transport for NSW, 2024).	Contractor	Pre-construction	Site specific safeguard
B4	Removal of Trees	A suitably qualified arborist is to participate in pre-clearing site walk-through, to confirm trees to be removed. Prior to tree removal, the arborist will assess and report on any significant roots that require removal. If structural roots are encountered and need to be cut, they shall provide advice on the position and method of removal to minimise impacts.	Contractor	Pre-construction	Site specific safeguard
		The arborist will assess and report on the need for any further tree removals required within the proposal boundary.			
B5	Vegetation/Trees on Third Party Land	Where vegetation/trees are proposed to be removed or trimmed on land not owned by Transport, the contractor shall obtain the landowner's consent prior to these works being undertaken.	Contractor	Pre-construction	Site specific safeguard
B6	Removal of Native Vegetation/Threatened Fauna Habitat	Vegetation removal and threatened fauna habitat removal will be undertaken in accordance with Guide 4: Clearing of vegetation and removal of bushrock in Transport's Biodiversity Management Guideline (Transport for NSW, 2024) to minimise disturbance to surrounding flora and fauna habitats.	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard
В7	Removal of Native Vegetation	Where feasible, removed native and non-seed-bearing, exotic vegetation would be mulched or re-used on-site (e.g., to stabilise disturbed areas).	Contractor	Construction/ Post-construction	Site specific safeguard

No.	Impact	Environmental safeguards	Responsibility	Timing	Reference
		Weed material is not to be mulched unless it has been appropriately composted to remove the potential for regrowth/growth			
B8	Removal of Native Vegetation	Vegetation removal work is not to be conducted during periods of high winds.	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard
В9	Removal of Native Vegetation	The contractor must submit for review and endorsement by the Transport Senior Manager Environment and Sustainability, a Tree and Hollow Replacement Plan, which prioritises local plantings in accordance with Transport's <i>Tree and Hollow Replacement guidelines</i> EMF-BD-GD-0129 (Transport for NSW, 2023). Unless otherwise agreed to by Transport, this plan will be submitted within three months of commencing construction.	Contractor	Pre-construction/ Post-construction	Site specific safeguard
B10	Unexpected threatened species	The unexpected species find procedure in Guide 1: Preclearing process in Transport's Biodiversity Management Guideline (Transport for NSW, 2024) is to be followed if threatened ecological communities and threatened fauna or flora not assessed in the biodiversity assessment, are identified in the proposal boundary.	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard
B11	Removal of threatened fauna habitat	An ecologist (or similar qualified person) is to be present on-site during the removal of the 31 hollow-bearing trees. The ecologist is to: • develop lines of communication with the tree felling operator • inspect each tree prior to its clearing • inspect the tree once it is on the ground • collect and relocate locally any sheltering fauna • transport to a local veterinarian any animals that require treatment.	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard
B12	Removal of threatened fauna habitat	The 31 hollow-bearing trees are to be marked during pre-clearing surveys. Pre-clearing surveys will be undertaken in accordance with Guide 1: Preclearing process of Transport's Biodiversity Management Guideline (Transport for NSW, 2024). If possible, all vegetation around the hollow-bearing trees to be removed would be cleared 24 to 48 hours prior to the removal of the hollow-bearing trees. This approach isolates the hollow-bearing trees and reduces their habitat value (particularly for ground-traversing fauna that are exposed to predation).	Contractor	Pre-construction/ Construction	Site specific safeguard

No.	Impact	Environmental safeguards	Responsibility	Timing	Reference
B13	Removal of threatened fauna habitat	The hollow-bearing trees should be 'soft- felled' in sections, the cut being about 100 mm below the bottom of the cavity, with hollow-limbs lowered to the ground. Once on the ground, the ecologist, or similar, would inspect the cavities for sheltering species. These should be collected and used locally as habitat as part of the off-setting requirements.	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard
B14	Removal of threatened fauna habitat	Fauna will be managed in accordance with Guide 9: Fauna handling of Transport's Biodiversity Management Guideline (Transport for NSW, 2024).	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard
B15	Removal of threatened fauna habitat	 If an arborist [or similar] is to be employed, they would climb each identified hollow-bearing tree and provide confirmation if the predicted hollows are actual cavities. Whilst examining the tree, the arborist is to use a hand-held torch to inspect any cavities for sheltering animals. A photographic record of the cavity is to be obtained, this included in a pre-clearing report that is submitted to the appropriate Transport Environmental representative. 	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard
		• If animals are observed sheltering in the cavity, the entrance is to be temporarily plugged through the placement of a breathable material (cloth bag, towel etc.). The limb/branch is then to be roped off; a chainsaw being used to remove this from the main plant (the cut made at least 100 mm beyond the predicted limit of the cavity). The limb is to be gently lowered to the ground, relocated to the edge of the road corridor and the cloth plug removed (if possible, upon dusk). The sheltering animal is to be permitted to naturally disperse from the cavity.			
		 If birds are present, particularly fledglings, these are to be collected and taken to a wildlife carer or veterinarian for assessment. 			
		Prior to the trees' removal (if an excavator employed) these would be knocked several times to alert potential sheltering fauna and provide an opportunity for these animals to disperse. The trees would not be felled until approval from the ecologist is given.			
B16	Protection of retained trees	A suitably qualified arborist is to participate in pre-clearing site walk-through, to confirm trees to be retained and the setup of tree protection measures as per the Arboricultural Impact Assessment (AIA) recommendations. Tree Protection Zone (TPZ) and Structural Root Zone (SRZ) for retained trees are to be confirmed by the arborist.	Contractor	Pre-construction/ Construction	Site specific safeguard

No.	Impact	Environmental safeguards	Responsibility	Timing	Reference
		Prior to commencement of construction, the arborist will inspect the setup of TPZ, ensuring they meet the requirements of AS4970(2007) Protection of Trees on Development Sites. The arborist will undertake regular monitoring/site inspections during construction to monitor tree health, and provide advice and recommendations in relation to: • methods to minimise the extent of encroachment within the TPZ			
		 long-term health of retained trees such as watering regimes, fertiliser application and mulching 			
		 additional tree care if there are signs of stress 			
		 non-destructive digging techniques and when to stop works within TPZ 			
		refinements to the work methodology			
		 the adequacy of site training and induction material regarding TPZ. 			
		Where trees are to be retained but pruning is required, the arborist is to prepare a site-specific pruning report when detailed design is confirmed. All pruning works are to be undertaken by suitably qualified tree workers (minimum Australian Qualifications Framework (AQF) Level 3 or equivalent) in accordance with Australian Standard AS4373-2007 Pruning of Amenity Trees and Safe Work Australia's Guide to Managing Risks of Tree Trimming and Removal Works.			
B17	Replacement of habitat	Habitat will be replaced or re-instated in accordance with <i>Guide</i> 5: Re-use of woody debris and bushrock.	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard
		To replace the loss of one 'occupied' hollow from within the 31 hollow-bearing trees to be removed, 50 artificial hollows as per the Tree and Hollow Replacement guidelines EMF-BD-GD-0129 (Transport for NSW, 2023) would be established. Artificial hollows would be provided in accordance with Guide 8: Artificial hollows of Transport's Biodiversity Management Guideline (Transport for NSW, 2024).			
		Where hollow replacement cannot be accommodated for locally [or only partially], payment of \$500 would be made into Transport's Conservation Fund for each hollow replacement required.			
B18	Injury and mortality of fauna	Checks beneath vehicles/machinery will be undertaken prior to their use for the presence of sheltering fauna species (i.e., frogs and ground-traversing mammals).	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard

No.	Impact	Environmental safeguards	Responsibility	Timing	Reference
		Fauna will be managed in accordance with Guide 9: Fauna handling of Transport's Biodiversity Management Guideline (Transport for NSW, 2024).			
B19	Invasion and spread of weeds	In accordance with the NSW Biosecurity Act 2015, the weeds identified on-site would be controlled, thereby mitigating impacts on adjoining land to which it could spread. Weed species will be managed in accordance with Guide 6: Weed management of Transport's Biodiversity Management Guideline (Transport for NSW, 2024).	Contractor	Pre-construction/ Construction	Site specific safeguard
B20	Invasion and spread of pests	Pest species will be managed within the proposal boundary.	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard
B21	Invasion and spread of pathogens and disease	Pathogens will be managed in accordance with Guide 2: Exclusion zones of Transport's Biodiversity Management Guideline (Transport for NSW, 2024).	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard
B22	Noise, light, dust and vibration	Shading and artificial light impacts will be minimised through detailed design.	Contractor	Detailed design	Site specific safeguard
B23	Greenstar credit	The detailed design is to consider species connectivity.	Contractor	Detailed design	Site specific safeguard
B24	Additional vegetation removal/trimming	Where trimming, cutting, pruning or removal of trees or vegetation has not already been identified in the Environmental Impact Assessment, separate approval, in accordance with Transport's Removal or trimming of vegetation application EMF-EM-TT -0144 is required. The trimming, cutting, pruning or removal of trees or vegetation	Contractor	Detailed design / Construction	Site specific safeguard
		shall be undertaken in accordance with the conditions of that approval.			
HF1	Flood risk	Measures incorporated into the detailed design to ensure flood risk is minimised within the site and downstream, are to be implemented.	Contractor	Detailed design/ Pre-construction	Site specific safeguard
HF2	Flood risk	Prior to construction commencing, final hydrology and drainage assessments will be undertaken to inform detailed design measures to minimise flood risks to the environment, properties and the proposal, including access and egress. Drainage designs to be inclusive of increase in rainfall intensity to account for climate change.	Contractor	Detailed design/ Pre-construction	Site specific safeguard
HF3	Flood risk	When flooding is predicted, construction plant and equipment will not be stored in flood prone areas within the site boundary.	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard

No.	Impact	Environmental safeguards	Responsibility	Timing	Reference
HF4	Flood risk	Appropriate construction measures to minimise flood risk and drainage impacts will be included in the CEMP and implemented on site.	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard
HF5	Changes to hydrology	Changes to existing surface water flows will be minimised through detailed design.	Contractor	Detailed design	Site specific safeguard
HF6	Surface water runoff management	Surface water flows will be managed during construction.	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard
<u>HF7</u>	Flood risk	Develop an appropriate emergency plan to assist in being prepared for, responding to and recovering from flooding.	Contractor (construction)/ Transport (operations)	Detailed design/ Pre-construction/ Construction/ Operation	Site specific safeguard
SC1	Contaminated land	A Remedial Action Plan will be prepared in accordance with Transport's Contaminated land management procedure EMF-LM-PR-0016 (Transport for NSW, 2023) and submitted to Transport for review and endorsement.	Contractor	Detailed design/ Pre-construction	Standard safeguard
		The plan will include, but not be limited to:			
		 capture and management of any surface runoff contaminated by exposure to the contaminated land 			
		 further investigations required to determine the extent, concentration and type of contamination, as identified in the Detailed Site Investigation 			
		management of the remediation and subsequent validation of the contaminated land, including any certification required			
		 measures to ensure the safety of site personnel and local communities during construction. 			
SC2	Contaminated land	If contaminated areas are encountered during construction, appropriate control measures will be implemented to manage the immediate risks of contamination. All other work that may impact on the contaminated area will cease until the nature and extent of the contamination has been confirmed and any necessary site-specific controls or further actions identified in consultation with the Transport's Environment Manager and/or Environment Protection Authority (EPA).	Contractor	Construction	Standard safeguard

No.	Impact	Environmental safeguards	Responsibility	Timing	Reference
SC3	Contamination of soils, surface water and groundwater	A Soil and Water Management Plan (SWMP), forming a sub-plan of the CEMP, will to be prepared for the work. The SWMP will identify all reasonably foreseeable risks relating to soil erosion and water pollution and describe how these risks will be addressed during construction.	Contractor	Pre-construction / Construction	Standard safeguard
SC4	Soils – Erosion and sediment control	A site-specific Erosion and Sediment Control Plan (ESCP) would be prepared and implement as part of the SWMP. The ESCP will include arrangements for managing wet weather events, including monitoring of potential high-risk events (such as storms) and specific controls and follow-up measures to be applied in the event of wet weather. The plan would incorporate best management erosion and sediment control practices such as those found in the Managing Urban Stormwater, Soils and Construction Guidelines ("the Blue Book") (4th Edition) (Landcom, 2004). The ESCP will be reviewed and updated whenever the construction program, scope of work or work methods change, or whenever work methods or control measures are found to be ineffective.	Contractor	Pre-construction / Construction	Standard safeguard
SC5	Soils – Erosion and sediment control	Erosion and sediment controls such as sandbags and drainage covers are to be checked weekly and before/after rainfall event greater than 10 mm in a 24-hour period and maintained on a regular basis.	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard
SC6	Soils – Erosion and sediment control	Erosion and sediment control measures are not to be removed until the work is complete, and areas are stabilised.	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard
SC7	Soils – Stabilisation	Work areas are to be stabilised progressively during the work.	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard
SC8	Soils – Stockpile management	All stockpiles are to be managed in accordance with the Managing Urban Stormwater, Soils and Construction Guidelines ("the Blue Book") (4th Edition) (Landcom, 2004). Erosion and sediment controls would be implemented in the	Contractor	Construction	Standard safeguard
		 proposed stockpile area, such as: stockpiles to be covered with geofabric prior to rain events greater than ten millimetres. 			
		 maximum height of stockpile is two metres and no greater than a 2:1 slope 			
		 segregation in order to minimise risk of cross-contamination of stockpiles and maximise suitability for reuse or recycling 			

No.	Impact	Environmental safeguards	Responsibility	Timing	Reference
		stockpiles are not to encroach on any local vegetation and be kept five metres away from trees to be retained			
		 mitigation measures to manage tannins leaching from mulch stockpiles into waterways will be included in the CEMP and implemented on site stockpiles will be separated using techniques such as hard barriers or markers 			
		 stockpiles are to be labelled according to their classification / material type (e.g., topsoil, capping etc) 			
		Soil stockpiles with visual signs of hydrocarbon contamination or odours should be sampled and classified in accordance with the <i>Waste Classification Guidelines</i> (NSW EPA, 2014) and disposed off-site to a suitably licenced landfill facility.			
SC9	Contamination of soils	All fuels, chemicals, liquids and hazardous materials will be stored in an secured impervious bunded area a minimum of 50 metres away from waterbodies, drainage lines and slopes with a gradient of more than 10% and disposed of in accordance with NSW DECC's Storing and Handling Liquids: Environmental Protection Participants Manual (NSW DECC, 2007).	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard
		Appropriate on-site signage will be provided to identify the materials stored.			
SC10	Contamination of soils	The Site Supervisor must be notified immediately of any suspected or potentially contaminated ground exposed during construction activities.	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard
		All work must cease within the vicinity of the actual or suspected contaminated land and the area will be fenced off. All other work that may impact on the contaminated area will cease until the nature and extent of the contamination has been confirmed by a certified contaminated land practitioner and any necessary site-specific controls or further actions identified in consultation with Transport's Environment Manager and/or EPA.			
SC11	Contaminated land	Further investigations for waste classification will be undertaken.	Contractor	Pre-construction	Site specific safeguard
SC12	Management of Asbestos containing material	All ACM identified on-site must be managed in accordance with Transport's <i>Asbestos in soils management procedure EMF-LM-PR-0020</i> (Transport for NSW, 2023).	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard
SC13	Contamination of surface water	Plant, equipment and vehicles will be cleaned a minimum of 50 metres from waterways and drainage lines.	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard

No.	Impact	Environmental safeguards	Responsibility	Timing	Reference
SC14	Contamination of surface water	Water quality control measures are to be used to prevent any materials such as concrete, grout entering drainage lines and waterways.	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard
SC15	Contamination of surface water	All concrete washout will be managed in accordance with Transport's <i>Concrete washout guideline EMF-EM-GD-0145</i> (Transport for NSW, 2023). Details of the concrete washout areas are to be included in the CEMP.	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard
SC16	Accidental spills – contamination	Construction vehicles and plant/machinery are to be properly maintained and regularly inspected for fluid leaks to minimise the risk of fuel/oil leaks.	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard
SC17	Accidental spills	Pollution incident response management measures will be included in the CEMP in accordance with Transport's Chemical storage and spill response guideline EMF-EM-GD-0137 (Transport for NSW, 2023) and relevant EPA guidelines. The CEMP will include adequate water quality and hazardous materials procedures (including spill management procedures, use of spill kits and procedures for refuelling and maintaining construction vehicles/ equipment), as well as initial response, containment, and notification procedures. All staff to be made aware of the location of the spill kits and trained in how to use them in the event of a spill.	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard
SC18	Pollution incident	In the event of a pollution incident (e.g., a spill) work would cease in the immediate vicinity and the Contractor would immediately notify Transport's Project Manager and Transport's Senior Manager Environment and Sustainability. Transport's Environmental Incident Procedure (Transport for NSW, 2021) is to be followed.	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard
SC19	Water	All water captured or encountered on-site will be managed in accordance with the requirements of the Transport's Water Discharge and Reuse Guideline DMS-SD-024 and the Discharge or Reuse Water Approval DMS-FT-207.	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard
AH1	Aboriginal heritage	Transport's <i>Unexpected Heritage Items Procedure</i> (Transport for NSW, 2024) will be followed in the event that an unknown or potential Aboriginal object/s, including skeletal remains, is found during construction. This applies where Transport does not have approval to disturb the object/s or where a specific safeguard for managing the disturbance (apart from the Procedure) is not in place.	Contractor	Pre-construction/ Construction	Standard safeguard

No.	Impact	Environmental safeguards	Responsibility	Timing	Reference
		Work will only re-commence once the requirements of that Procedure have been satisfied.			
AH2	Aboriginal heritage	Detailed design will consider the <i>Connecting to Country Aboriginal Design Principles</i> (WSP, 2023) and recommendations made by Elders during the on-site Walk on Country.	Contractor	Detailed design	Site specific safeguard
H1	Unexpected non- Aboriginal heritage finds	Transport's Unexpected Heritage Items Procedure (Transport for NSW, 2024) will be followed in the event that any unexpected heritage items, archaeological remains or potential relics of non-Aboriginal origin are encountered. Work will only re-commence once the requirements of that Procedure have been satisfied.	Contractor	Construction	Standard safeguard
LVA1	Landscape character	The detailed design is to be undertaken in accordance with design principles outlined Zero Emission Buses Urban Design Framework (Transport for NSW, 2022) and the Urban Design Report including the Landscape Design Report (Taylor Brammer Landscape Architects Pty Ltd, 2024).	Contractor	Detailed design	Site specific safeguard
LVA2	Landscape <u>character</u>	The Zero Emission Buses Urban Design Framework and Urban Design Report will provide the basis for development of an UDLP (including detailed urban design drawings and landscape plans) to support the final detailed design. The UDLP will present an integrated urban design for the proposal, providing further practical detail on the application of design principles.	Contractor	Detailed design	Standard measure
LVA3	Landscape character	Detailed design to take into account the design of existing structures and conform to the landscape character of the locality.	Contractor	Detailed design	Site specific safeguard
LVA4	Landscape character and visual impact	Detailed design to minimise tree and vegetation removal within the proposal boundary. Boundary trees to be retained where possible during construction to maintain screening.	Contractor	Detailed design/ Construction	Site specific safeguard
LVA5	Visual impact	Temporary lighting spill beyond the construction footprint is to be minimised in accordance with AS4282 Control of the obtrusive effects from outdoor lighting. All lighting to be directed away from sensitive visual receptors.	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard

No.	Impact	Environmental safeguards	Responsibility	Timing	Reference
LVA6	Visual impact	Lighting and signage will be installed in accordance with relevant Australian Standards and guidelines, and without reducing the amenity of sensitive receivers where feasible and reasonable.	Contractor	Pre-construction/ Construction	Site specific safeguard
LVA7	Visual impact	Following completion of the work, plant and equipment to be removed from site and disturbed areas to be rehabilitated/restored as appropriate.	Contractor	Construction/ Post-construction	Site specific safeguard
TT1	Traffic and transport	A detailed Construction Traffic Management Plan (CTMP), which will include a Construction Traffic Control Plan, will be prepared in accordance with Transport's Traffic Control at Work Sites Manual (Transport, 2022). The CTMP will include: • confirmation of haulage routes • measures to maintain access to local roads and properties • site-specific traffic control measures (including signage) to manage and regulate traffic movement • measures to maintain pedestrian and cyclist access • requirements and methods to consult and inform the local community of impacts on the local road network • access to construction sites including entry and exit locations and measures to prevent construction vehicles queuing on public roads. • a response plan for any construction traffic incident • consideration of other developments that may be under construction to minimise traffic conflict and congestion that may occur due to the cumulative increase in construction vehicle traffic • monitoring, review and amendment mechanisms.	Contractor	Detailed design/ Pre-construction	Standard safeguard
TT2	Local community notification	Potentially affected residences are to be notified prior to the commencement of and during work. Consultation should include but not be limited to door knocks, newsletters or letter box drops providing information on the proposal, working hours and a contact name and number for more information or to register complaints.	Contractor	Pre-construction/ Construction	Site specific safeguard
TT3	Road network	Any minor trenching work required on either Talavera Road or Wicks Road to complete service and utility connection are to be	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard

No.	Impact	Environmental safeguards	Responsibility	Timing	Reference
		completed under single-lane shuttle-flow conditions during standard working hours.			
TT4	Road network	Parking for construction workers is to be provided within the proposal boundary.	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard
TT5	Active transport network	Appropriate signage to be installed along Wicks Road near Pittwater Road and along Lane Cove Road, near Talavera Road, to manage impacts on the pedestrian and cycling network.	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard
TT6	Emergency service vehicles	Traffic management measures must be implemented to ensure emergency services vehicle access is maintained along Wicks Road during construction.	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard
TT7	Road safety	 A road safety review is to be undertaken of the intersection of Halifax Street and Wicks Road to test the following potential mitigation options to accommodate the additional bus movement: Addition of a green arrow right turn phase from Wicks Road southbound into Waterloo Road. 	Contractor	Detailed design	Site specific safeguard
		 Some terminating bus services will use Halifax Street and turn right at Wicks Road to access the depot. This movement will require a new "Buses Excepted" sign applied to the existing "No Right Turn" sign from Halifax Street to Wicks Road. 			
TT8	Active transport	Future cycling access configurations to the site to be considered during detailed design including installation of appropriate signage and alternative routes.	Contractor	Detailed design	Site specific safeguard
TT9	Sustainable travel	Construction and operational workers are to be encouraged to use public transport to access the proposal.	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard
TT10	Access	Pedestrian and vehicle access to neighbouring and nearby properties and businesses will be maintained throughout the duration of the work, where possible.	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard
<u>TT11</u>	Active transport	Investigate opportunities to retain or re-align the existing bike path connection between M2 Hills Motorway and Talavera Road during detailed design.	Contractor	<u>Detailed design</u>	Site specific safeguard
NV1	Noise and vibration – general measures	A Noise and Vibration Management Plan (NVMP) will be prepared and implemented as part of the CEMP. The NVMP will generally follow the approach in the Construction Noise and Vibration Guideline – Public Transport Infrastructure 2023 (Transport for NSW, 2023) and identify:	Contractor	Detailed design/ Pre-construction	Construction Noise and Vibration Guideline – Public Transport Infrastructure 2023 (Transport for NSW, 2023)

No.	Impact	Environmental safeguards	Responsibility	Timing	Reference
		all potential significant noise and vibration generating activities associated with the activity			
		 feasible and reasonable mitigation measures to be implemented to avoid and minimise noise impacts 			
		 a monitoring program to assess performance against relevant noise and vibration criteria 			
		 arrangements for consultation with affected neighbours and sensitive receivers, including notification and complaint handling procedures 			
		 contingency measures to be implemented in the event of non-compliance with noise and vibration criteria. 			
NV2	Noise and vibration – Community Liaison	A Community Liaison Management Plan will be prepared and implemented which will outline specific communication and stakeholder engagement activities, procedures, and protocols for the proposal.	Contractor	Pre-construction	Standard safeguard
NV3	Noise and Vibration - Notification	All sensitive receivers (e.g. local business, residents and schools) likely to be affected will be notified at least five working days prior to commencement of any work associated with the activity that may have an adverse noise or vibration impact. The notification will provide details of:	Contractor	Pre-construction	Standard safeguard
		the proposal			
		construction dates			
		working hours and duration of work being undertaken			
		types of activities being undertaken, and equipment used			
		any associated impacts and mitigation measures			
		24/hr project hotline number.			
NV4	Noise and vibration – Site inductions	All employees, contractors and subcontractors are to receive an environmental induction which would include consideration of noise and vibration impacts.	Contractor	Pre-construction/ construction	Standard safeguard
		Regular reinforcement (such as at toolbox talks) of the need to minimise noise and vibration.			
NV5	Construction noise and vibration	Construction work to be undertaken in accordance with Transport's Construction Noise and Vibration Guideline – Public Transport Infrastructure (Transport for NSW, 2023)	Contractor	Construction	Standard safeguard

No.	Impact	Environmental safeguards	Responsibility	Timing	Reference
NV6	Construction noise – Work scheduling	The following work scheduling management measures will be adopted to reduce construction noise impacts:	Contractor	Construction	Standard safeguard
		 scheduling noise intensive work and respite periods to reduce annoyance 			
		 respite periods could include restricting very noisy activities to time periods that least affect the nearby noise sensitive locations 			
		 restricting the number of nights that OOHW is conducted near residences or by determining any specific requirements 			
		 work generating high vibration levels should be scheduled during non-sensitive or less sensitive time periods 			
		 optimising the number of deliveries to the site by amalgamating loads where possible and scheduling arrivals within designated hours 			
		 planning deliveries and access to the site to occur quietly and efficiently and organising parking only within designated areas located away from sensitive receivers 			
		planning construction traffic flow, parking and loading/unloading areas to minimise reversing movements.			
NV7	Construction hours	Work would generally be carried out during standard construction hours (i.e. 7.00 am to 6.00 pm Monday to Friday; 8.00 am to 1.00 pm Saturdays). Any work outside these hours may be undertaken if approved by Transport and the community is notified prior to these works commencing. An Out of Hours Work application form would need to be prepared by the Construction Contractor and submitted to the Transport's Environment Manager for review and approval prior to the works commencing.	Contractor	Construction	Standard safeguard
NV8	Out of Hours Work	OOHW during evening and night-time periods will be managed in accordance with relevant Transport's guidelines and policies for managing construction noise and vibration, to provide respite from construction noise.	Contractor	Construction	Standard safeguard
		High noise activities, such as saw cutting and jack hammering will be completed before 11pm.			
NV9	Construction noise – standard work practices	The following universal work practices are to be adopted during construction:	Contractor	Construction	Standard safeguard

No.	Impact	Environmental safeguards	Responsibility	Timing	Reference
		 regular identification of noisy activities and adoption of improvement techniques. 			
		 avoiding the use of portable radios, public address systems or other methods of site communication that may unnecessarily impact upon nearby sensitive receivers 			
		 avoiding the use of equipment that generates impulsive noise, where possible 			
		 minimising the need for vehicle reversing for example (particularly at night), by arranging for one-way site traffic routes 			
		 minimising the movement of materials and plant and unnecessary metal-on-metal contact 			
		minimising truck movements.			
NV10	Construction noise and vibration – plant and	The following measures are to be adopted during construction to minimise noise impacts associated with plant and equipment:	Contractor	Construction	Standard safeguard
	equipment	 the noise levels of plants and equipment must have operating Sound Power or Sound Pressure Levels compliant with the criteria in Appendix H of the Construction Noise and Vibration Guidelines – Public Transport Infrastructure 			
		 selecting quieter plant and equipment based on the optimal power and size to most efficiently perform the required tasks, where feasible and reasonable 			
		 operating plant and equipment in the quietest and most efficient manner 			
		 avoiding simultaneous operation of noisy plant, where feasible 			
		plant used intermittently to be throttled down or shut down			
		 maximising the offset distance between noisy plant and adjacent sensitive receivers 			
		 noise-emitting plant to be directed away from sensitive receivers 			
		 site-based vehicles and mobile plant used on-site must be fitted with broadband reversing alarms to reduce tonal noise impacts 			
		 reducing noise from mobile plant through additional fittings, such as silencers 			

No.	Impact	Environmental safeguards	Responsibility	Timing	Reference
NV11	Construction noise – behavioural practices	 The following good behavioural practices are to be implemented during construction: no swearing or unnecessary shouting or loud stereos/radios on site no dropping of materials from height, throwing of metal items and slamming of doors. 	Contractor	Construction	Standard safeguard
NV12	Construction noise – monitoring	 The following construction noise monitoring is to be undertaken: attended noise level measurements of typical demolition and ground work activities should be undertaken at site. attended construction noise surveys of the site and surrounding impacts on neighbours should be undertaken during the following as a minimum: start of demolition commencement of any rock breaking or sawing on the site. in response to any ongoing complaints received from neighbours any noise monitoring will be carried out by an appropriately trained person in the measurement and assessment of construction noise and vibration, familiar with applicable standards and procedures the statistical parameters to be measured should include the following noise descriptors:	Contractor	Construction	Standard safeguard
NV13	Vibration – general measures	Vibration mitigation measures will be outlined in the NVMP. The following measures will be included to minimise vibration impacts: • Undertaking a plant and vibration assessment to identify potential vibration risks to human comfort and cosmetic and structural damage • Where identified as being required, undertake a preconstruction building survey for structures prior to the	Contractor	Pre-construction/ Construction	Standard safeguard

No.	Impact	Environmental safeguards	Responsibility	Timing	Reference
		commencement of activities with the potential to cause property damage • Conducting vibration monitoring at high-risk receptors during construction			
		 Consideration of feasible alternative construction methodologies or equipment where vibration intensive equipment is expected to exceed the criteria. 			
NV14	Vibration – safe working distances	 The following safe working distance measures are to be adopted: recommended indicative safe working distances for vibration intensive plant are to be complied with construction vibration safe distances will be validated prior to the start of construction work by undertaking operatorattended measurements of vibration levels generated by construction equipment to be used on-site. 	Contractor	Pre-construction/ Construction	Site specific safeguard
NV15	Vibration – plant and equipment	 The following measures are to be adopted during construction to minimise vibration impacts associated with plant and equipment: selecting plant and equipment with low vibration generation characteristics any vibration generating plant and equipment is to be in areas within the site to lower the vibration impacts using lower vibration generating items of construction plant and equipment; that is, smaller capacity plant undertaking the removal of concrete using saw cutting or pulverising where possible. 	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard
NV16	Vibration – work scheduling	 The following work scheduling management measures will be adopted to reduce construction noise impacts: Work generating high vibration levels should be scheduled during non-sensitive or less sensitive time periods Investigate the feasibility of rescheduling the hours of operation of major vibration generating plant and equipment Minimise conducting vibration generating work consecutively in the same area (if applicable). 	Contractor	Pre-construction/ Construction	Site specific safeguard
NV17	Vibration monitoring	Vibration monitoring is required to confirm vibration magnitudes are within the expected levels. Short-term attended vibration measurements of activities with the potential to generate	Contractor	Pre-construction	Site specific safeguard

No.	Impact	Environmental safeguards	Responsibility	Timing	Reference
		maximum vibration are required to be undertaken on commencement at the site, including the following:			
		 Measurements to be undertaken at a representative location from the activity being conducted with a similar distance to the potentially affected receiver. 			
		Activities with the potential to generate the greatest magnitudes of vibration include hydraulic hammering of concrete slabs and hydraulic hammering during ground works within rock.			
AQ1	Air quality	An Air Quality Management Plan (AQMP) will be prepared and implemented as a sub-plan to the CEMP. The AQMP will include, but not be limited to: • potential sources of air pollution	Contractor	Detailed design / Pre-construction	Standard safeguard
		 air quality management objectives consistent with any relevant published EPA guidelines 			
		mitigation and suppression measures to be implemented			
		 methods to manage work during strong winds or other adverse weather conditions 			
		a progressive rehabilitation strategy for exposed surfaces.			
		The AQMP will include the following requirements:			
		 plant and equipment will be maintained in good condition and in accordance with manufacturers' specifications 			
		plant and machinery will be turned off when not in use			
		 work activities will be reprogrammed if the management measures are not adequately restricting dust generation 			
		 disturbed areas will be minimised in extent and rehabilitated progressively 			
		 dust will be suppressed on stockpiles and unsealed or exposed area using methods such as water trucks/hoses, temporary stabilisation methods, soil binders or other appropriate practices 			
		no burning of material on site will be undertaken			
		 visual monitoring of air quality will be undertaken to verify the effectiveness of controls and enable early intervention 			
		 vehicles transporting materials and equipment will have their loads covered. 			

No.	Impact	Environmental safeguards	Responsibility	Timing	Reference
AQ2	Air quality	Work will be undertaken in accordance with all safeguards included in Transport's <i>Air Quality Management Guideline EMF-AQ-GD-0063</i> (Transport for NSW, 2022).	Contractor	Construction	Standard safeguard
SE1	Socio economic Social infrastructure	Conduct a survey of existing bike path usage within the proposal area and explore alternative existing bike routes and possible bike path relocation opportunities.	Transport	Detailed design	Additional safeguard
SE2	Socio-economic – Business access	Access to businesses will be maintained during construction. Where temporary changes to access arrangements may be necessary to accommodate work at 1 Talavera Road, prior to any changes in access, consultation will be undertaken with tenants of 1 Talavera Road to determine access requirements and whether out of hours work is required to mitigate the impacts associated with the driveway modifications work at Talavera Road.	Contractor	Pre-construction/ Construction	Site specific safeguard
WR1	Waste management	A Waste Management Plan (WMP) will be prepared and implemented as a sub-plan of the CEMP. The WMP will include but not be limited to:	Contractor	Detailed design/ Pre-construction/ Construction	Standard safeguard
		measures to avoid and minimise waste associated with the proposal			
		 classification of wastes and management options (re-use, recycle, stockpile, disposal) 			
		 statutory approvals required for managing both on and off- site waste, or application of any relevant resource recovery exemptions 			
		procedures for storage, transport and disposal			
		• management of any lead waste in accordance with Australian Standard AS4361.1- 1995 Guide to Lead Paint Management (Standards Australia, 1995)			
		monitoring, record keeping and reporting			
		The WMP will align with Transport's Waste Management Guideline (Transport for NSW, 2023) and relevant Transport Waste fact sheets.			
		The following resource management hierarchy principles will be followed:			
		avoid unnecessary resource consumption as a priority			
		 avoidance will be followed by resource recovery (including reuse of materials reprocessing and recycling and energy recovery 			

No.	Impact	Environmental safeguards	Responsibility	Timing	Reference
		Disposal will be undertaken as a last resort (in accordance with the Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery Act 2001)			
WR2	Waste management	All wastes will be managed in accordance with Transport's Waste Management Guideline and the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997.	Contractor	Pre-construction/ Construction	Site specific safeguard
WR3	Asbestos waste management	Asbestos waste identified on-site must either be disposed of to a landfill licensed to accept asbestos waste, or alternatively safely encapsulated on-site. Transport's Asbestos in soils management procedure EMF-LM-PR-0020 (Transport for NSW, 2023) provides guidance on how to manage asbestos in soils, including guidance on when encapsulation versus off-site disposal is warranted.	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard
WR4	Asbestos waste management	Approval to be sought from Transport for any encapsulation of asbestos on-site. The approval must provide safety, financial, environmental, legal, and reputational justification for the proposed encapsulation.	Contractor	Pre-construction	Site specific safeguard
WR5	Asbestos waste management	If on-site encapsulation of asbestos containing material is proposed, a Long-term Environmental Management Plan (LTEMP) containing mitigation measures and/or monitoring requirements will be prepared and implemented. The LTEMP will be submitted to Transport for review and endorsement.	Contractor	Pre-construction/ Construction	Site specific safeguard
		The LTEMP will include the following details:			
		the nature and location of asbestos encapsulations on site			
		 what long-term site management is needed to ensure the ongoing protection of human health and the environment on- and offsite from the encapsulation 			
		a mechanism for legal enforcement of the LTEMP			
WR6	Waste classification	Preliminary waste classification of materials on-site to be undertaken prior to construction. Where asbestos is mixed with other wastes on-site (e.g. in a soil matrix), further waste classification is required by chemical testing.	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard
WR7	Asbestos waste	In line with the EPA's requirements:	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard
	management	asbestos waste must be securely packaged at all times			
		friable asbestos material must be kept in a sealed container			
		 asbestos-contaminated soils (where not securely packaged or sealed) must be wetted down 			
		 all asbestos waste must be transported in a covered, leak- proof vehicle 			

No.	Impact	Environmental safeguards	Responsibility	Timing	Reference
		asbestos waste must be disposed of at a landfill site that can lawfully receive this waste.			
WR8	Asbestos waste management	Records of the following must be kept: amount and type of asbestos waste generated, stored, treated or disposed of amount and type of asbestos waste transported name of transporter and transporter's vehicle registration	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard
		number date of transportation name and location of the waste disposal facility			
WR9	Waste management	Targets for diversion of waste from landfill and optimisation of reuse and recycling to be confirmed in accordance with Transport's Sustainable Design Guidelines v4.0 (Transport for NSW, 2017).	Contractor	Detailed design/ Pre-construction	Site specific safeguard
WR10	Use of recycled materials	Materials with high recycle content (such as concrete with high Supplementary cementitious materials (SCMs) to be adopted. Recycled aggregates to be used where possible. Maximise recycled materials in road base and bedding material.	Contractor	Detailed design/ Construction	Site specific safeguard
WR11	Reuse of materials	Detailed design should consider the beneficial re-use of suitable materials onsite to minimise the quantity of waste disposed to landfill. 100% of usable spoil, by weight, to be re-used on-site. Maximise reused materials in road base and bedding material.	Contractor	Detailed design/ Construction	Site specific safeguard
WR12	Storage of waste	Detailed design to allow for dedicated and appropriately sized waste segregation and storage areas for at least five waste streams. These areas need to be safe and have efficient access for both occupants and waste and resource collection contractors.	Contractor	Detailed design	Site specific safeguard
CC1	Climate change risks	The Climate Risk Assessment (CRA) will be updated during detailed design. Detailed design will consider suitable adaptation measures to address all high and very high risks identified in the CRA, which may include flood hazard, power outages, ember attack, heat hazard, thermal performance, solar reflectivity, and future proofing.	Contractor	Detailed design	Site specific safeguard
CC2	Staff and asset protection	Detailed design to consider provision of cool spaces for staff to work/rest to avoid heat stress.	Contractor	Detailed design	Site specific safeguards

No.	Impact	Environmental safeguards	Responsibility	Timing	Reference
CC3	Energy network resilience	Energy supply resilience and redundancy measures to be applied to reduce the likelihood of power outages on site.	Contractor	Construction/ Operation	Site specific safeguards
GG1	Greenhouse gas emissions	Measures to demonstrate energy efficient construction and operations from Green Star Buildings and Transport's Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) to be implemented.	Contractor	Detailed design/ Pre-construction	Site specific safeguard
GG2	Greenhouse gas emissions	The procurement strategy developed for the construction phase will demonstrate value for money and consideration for opportunities to procure goods and services: • from local suppliers • that are energy efficient and have low embodied carbon • that minimise generation of waste • that make use of recycled materials	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard
GG3	Greenhouse gas emissions	Greenhouse Gas emissions modelling and reporting using the Transport Carbon Tool. Achieve target of 15% reduction in construction greenhouse gas emissions.	Contractor	Detailed design/ Construction	Site specific safeguard
GG4	Greenhouse gas emissions	Utilise renewable energy to ensure net zero emissions during operations.	Transport / Contractor	Detailed design/ Operations	Site specific safeguard
GG5	Greenhouse gas emissions	Measures included in the ZEB Macquarie Park Bus Depot Sustainability Plan to be implemented.	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard
GG6	Greenhouse gas emissions	Building design to incorporate Environmental Sustainable Design measures and utilise passive building design to reduce energy demand associated with heating and cooling.	Contractor	Detailed design/ Construction	Site specific safeguard
OI1	Utilities	Utility adjustments required to accommodate the proposal will be refined during detailed design in consultation with the relevant utilities providers.	Contractor	Detailed design/ Pre-construction	Site specific safeguard
OI2	Hazards and Risks	 A Hazard and Risk Management Plan (HRMP) will be prepared and implemented as part of the CEMP. The HRMP will include, but not be limited to details of hazards and risks associated with the activity (including consideration of bushfire) measures to be implemented during construction to minimise these risks record keeping arrangements, including information on the materials present on the site, material safety data sheets, and personnel trained and authorised to use such materials 	Contractor	Construction	Site specific safeguard

No.	Impact	Environmental safeguards	Responsibility	Timing	Reference
		a monitoring program to assess performance in managing the identified risks			
		 contingency measures to be implemented in the event of unexpected hazards or risks arising, including emergency situations. 			
		The HRMP will be prepared in accordance with relevant guidelines and standards, including relevant Safe Work Australia Codes of Practice and EPA publications.			
OI3	Hazards and Risks - Fire risk during operation	Fire risk associated with the operation of the proposal would be managed in accordance with the Zero Emission Buses Greater Sydney Tranche 1 - Macquarie Park Asset Fire Life Safety Strategy Report (WSP Australia Pty Ltd, 2024) and in consultation with Fire and Rescue NSW.	Transport	Operation	Site specific safeguard
OI4	Bushfires	To minimise risks associated with bushfires non-combustible materials are to be incorporated into the detailed design.	Contractor	Detailed design	Site specific safeguard
015	Bushfires	A maintenance regime is required to reduce the build-up of debris and rubbish on-site during construction and operation to minimise bushfire risk	Contractor/ Transport	Construction/ Operation	Site specific safeguard
016	Bushfires	In the event of a bushfire impacting the operation of the depot, suitable diversion routes are to be identified and utilised to minimise impact on bus operations.	Transport	Detailed design/ Operation	Site specific safeguard
OI7	Bushfires – ember attack	During detailed design, the requirements of Bushfire Attack Level (BAL) BAL-12.5 are to be followed to mitigate the risk from ember attack. This would include the use of non-combustible materials, such as steel and concrete, which is already envisaged for many of the built elements.	Contractor	Detailed design	Site specific safeguard
CI1	Cumulative impacts	Current and upcoming projects with the potential to interact with the proposal will be monitored, as further information regarding the location and timing of surrounding potential developments is released.	Contractor	Detailed design/ Pre-construction	Site specific safeguard
		Where potential cumulative impacts are identified, the scheduling of work will be coordinated with interacting projects where feasible to minimise potential impacts. This will include:			
		 scheduling work to allow suitable respite periods for construction noise 			
		 scheduling of work to minimise consecutive construction noise impacts, where feasible 			
		 coordinating lane closures and pedestrian/cyclist diversions to minimise the overall number of occasions where disruption occurs. 			

5.3 Licensing and approvals

Table 5-2 provides a summary of the licensing and approval requirements relevant to the proposal.

Table 5-2: Summary of licensing and approval required

Instrument	Requirement	Timing
EP&A Act	Determination under Division 5.1 of the EP&A Act.	Prior to start of the activity.
Roads Act 1993 (Section 138)	Road occupancy licence to carry out work that would impact on the operational efficiency of the road network.	Prior to work on public roads.

6. Definitions

Table 6-1: Terms and acronyms used in this report

Term	Definition	
AS/NZS	Australian/New Zealand Standard	
AVAS	Acoustic vehicle alert system	
BEB	Battery Electric Buses	
BESS	Battery Energy Storage System	
ВоМ	Bureau of Meteorology	
CECR	Construction Environmental Compliance Report	
CEMP	Construction Environmental Management Plan	
CRA	Climate Risk Assessment	
CTMP	Construction Traffic Management Plan	
DCCEEW	Department of Climate Change, Energy, the Environment and Water	
DCP	Development Control Plan	
DPHI	NSW Department of Planning, Housing and Industry	
DPIE	NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment	
ECM	Environmental Control Map	
EP&A Act	Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979	
EPA	Environment Protection Authority	
ESCP	Erosion and Sediment Control Plan	
EV	Electric Vehicles	
FCEB	Fuel Cell Electric Buses	
HRMP	Hazard Risk Management Plan	
LGA	Local Government Area	
LOS	Level of Service	
LTEMP	Long-term Environmental Management Plan	
NML	Noise Management Levels	
NSW	New South Wales	
NVMP	Noise and Vibration Management Plan	
OOHW	Out of Hours Works	
OSD	On-site stormwater detention	
PFAs	Perfluoroalkyl and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances	
PMF	Probable Maximum Flood	
PV	Photovoltaic	
REF	Review of Environmental Factors	

Term	Definition
SCM	Supplementary cementitious material
SDG	Sustainable Development Goals
SES	State Emergency Services
SRZ	Structure Root Zone
SWMP	Soil and Water Management Plan
TPZ	Tree Protection Zone
Transport	Transport for NSW
TTA	Traffic and Transport Assessment
UN	United Nations
WMP	Waste Management Plan
WSUD	Water Sensitive Urban Design
ZEB	Zero Emission Buses

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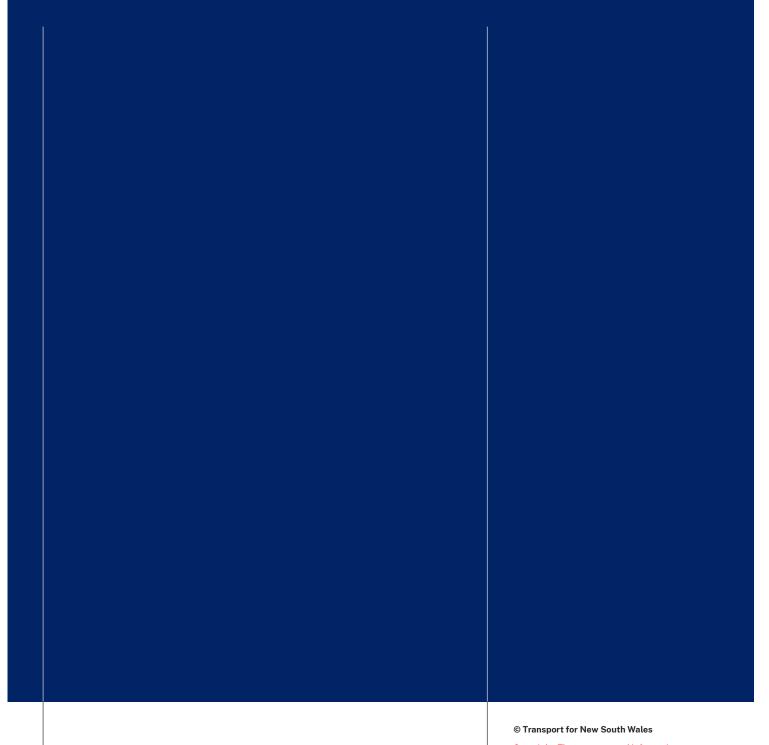
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